

Agenda

- Noteworthy settlements, cases and the resulting enforcement trends
- Insights from financial statistics and governmental data
- "What it all means" discussion of the trends and implications



Settlement Trends

- Pharma cases
 - Daiichi Sanko (\$39M honoraria and meals)
 - Pfizer (\$785M alleged drug pricing)
 - Genentech (\$67M effectiveness misrepresentations)
 - Valeant (\$54M free dinners and sham speaker payments)
 - Biocomparables (\$36M off label marketing)
 - Forest Laboratories (\$38M off label marketing)
 - Warner Chilcott \$125M (cash payments, expensive dinners)
 - Daiichi Sanko \$39M (honoraria and meals)

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Large AKS-based settlements (non-pharma)

- DaVita \$389M (AKS allegations related to JVs)
- Amedisys \$150M (home health medical necessity and AKS)
- OmniCare \$124M (pharmacy and AKS w/NFs)
- $\,-\,$ Millennium Health \$256M (free specimen testing cups)
- Health Diagnostics Lab \$48.5M (free S&H, waiver of co-pay)
- Olympus (\$646M marketing & other inducements)
- Respironics (\$35M free call center support)
- Tenet Health (\$513M payments to pre-natal clinics)

Settlement Trends

- Medical Necessity—Hospitals
 - Premier Vein (\$400K, unlicensed staff)
 - St. Joseph (\$16.5M, heart surgery)
 - Health Man. Assoc. (\$1M, sinus endoscopy)
 - Baptist Health (\$2.5M, MS and brain disorders)
 - King's Daughter Medical (\$41M, cardiac stents)

Settlement Trends

- Medical necessity—Long Term Care
 - Kindred (\$125M)
 - Life Care Centers (\$145M)
 - No. American Health (\$28.5)
 - Westlake Convalescent (\$3.5M)

Settlement Trends

- Medical Necessity—Hospice
 - Covenant Hospice \$10.1M (also billing issues)
 - Compassionate Care Hospice Group \$6M (failure to treat based on POC)
 - Good Shepherd Hospice \$4M
 - Guardian Hospice of Georgia LLC \$3M
 - Hospice of Citrus County \$3.2M
 - Serenity Hospice and Palliative Care \$2.2M (also AKS violations)

Settlement Trends

- Physician Employment (Stark and AKS)

 - St. Mary (\$2.3M, admin of comp terms)

 All Children's Florida (\$7M, FMV)

 New York Heart (\$1.3M, comp based on referral volume)

 Halifax Hospital (\$85M, bonus calculation)

 - Westchester Med Center \$18.8M (advanced money, forgave debt)
 - Citizens Medical Center (\$21.7M non-FMV)

 - Columbus Regional (\$34M non-FMV)
 Adventist Health System (\$115M non-FMV and bonus calc)
 North Broward Hospital (\$69.5M non-FMV)

 - Lexington Medical Center (\$17M -FMV)
 - Memorial University (\$10M FMV and practice losses)

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Settlement Trends

- Pharmacy and prescription opioid
 - CVS (\$3.5M, 500 forged opioid prescriptions)
 - Cardinal Health (\$44M, failure to report suspicious opioid orders)
 - Costco (\$11.75M, inadequate opioid prescription process)
 - McKessen Corp. (\$150M, failure to report suspicious opioid orders)

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Settlement Trends

- National investigations
 - Kyphoplasty investigation: 130 hospitals totaling approximately \$105M
 - ICD investigation: 457 hospitals totaling \$250M
 - Inpatient vs. Outpatient (one-day LOS)
 - CHS: \$98M (7 qui tams)

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Court Decision Trends

- General increase in Court of Appeals decisions
 - 63 appellate decisions during the last year
 - Hard to see a trend in appellate rulings
 - Pleading standards and application of Rule 9(b) loomed large

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Court Decision Trends

- Only material non-compliance creates FCA liability
 - Universal Health Services Inc. v. U.S. ex rel Escobar (6/16/2016, unanimous Supreme Court)
 - Defendant can face FCA liability under an implied certification theory where failure to disclose noncompliance with statutory, regulatory, or contractual requirements is material to government's decision to pay the claim
 - Little guidance on what "material" mean

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Court Decision Trends

- Allegations of fraud and noncompliance must be alleged with particularity (Rule 9(b))
 - U.S. ex rel. Eberhard v. Physicians Choice Lab. Servs., 6th Cir., dismissed claims where relator failed to include "representative examples" or plead the submission of false claims
 - U.S. ex rel. Kelly v. Novartis Pharm, 1st Cir., affirmed dismissal because relators did not plead particular allegations about specific fraudulent claims for payment
 - specific fraudulent claims for payment

 U.S. ex rel. Chase v. LifePath Hospice, dismissed claims because relator failed to identify which Medicare claims were fraudulent

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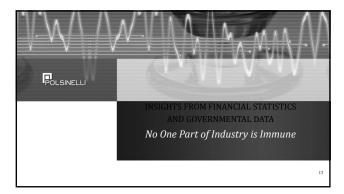
Court Decision Trends

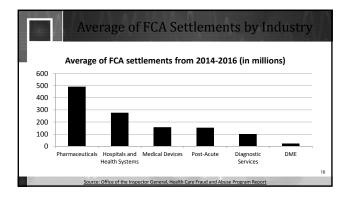
- Courts: no FCA Liability for reasonable interpretation of ambiguous regulation
 - U.S. ex rel. Saldivar v. Fresenius, 11th Cir (drug overfill billing)
 - U.S. ex rel. Olson v. Fairview Health Servs. of Minn, 8th Cir., (definition of "children's hospital" was ambiguous)
 - U.S. ex rel Donegan v. Anesthesia Assocs. of Kan. City, 8th Cir., (definition of "emergence" from anesthesia was ambiguous and group's interpretation was not unreasonable)
 - U.S. ex rel. Wall v. Vista Hospice Care (differing opinion on hospice eligibility insufficient to create FCA liability)

Enforcement Trends

Focus on individual is increasing

- Bostwick Lab owner pays \$3.75M to settle FCA suit (company paid \$6.5M)
- No. American Health (board chair to pay \$1M of \$28.5M settlement)
 Former CEO & Board Chair of Tuomey excluded and fined \$1M
- Theranos CEO banned from owning a lab under CLIA
- Bohner v. Burwell, court upheld exclusion of a pharma executive
- Bother V. Bal weh, Court uplied exclusion of a pharma execut
 Dec. 2016: Forest Park Hosp. 21 people indicted related to payments from private pay hospital
 Feb. 2017: former CEO of a HCA hospital in Atlanta indicted (alleged AKS violations)





Hospitals and H	cartii	yster	115
Type of Behavior	2014	2015	2016
AKS & Stark	\$8.5M	-	-
AKS, Stark, & medically unnecessary services	\$16.5M	-	-
Billing for services in violation of coverage requirements	-	-	\$23M
False cost reports	-	\$12.9M	-
Improper donations to government for Medicaid	-	\$75M	-
Medically unnecessary services	\$36.7M	\$20M	\$27.6M
Stark	\$85M	\$216.2M	-
Stark & medically unnecessary services	\$40.9M	\$35M	-
Stark & upcoding	\$98.2M	\$48M	-
Upcoding	\$35M	\$48M	-
Total	\$320.8M	\$455.1M	\$50.6M

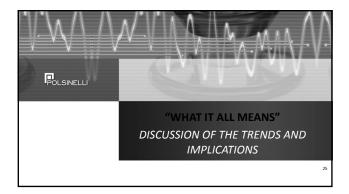
Post-Acute Care						
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2014	2015	2016				
-	\$17M	\$1.8M				
-	\$6.5M	-				
-	\$5.6M	-				
\$750K	-	-				
\$3.9M	\$20M	\$173M				
\$25M	\$4.7M	-				
-	\$38M	-				
\$150M	-	-				
-	\$10M	-				
\$179.7M	\$101.8M	\$174.8M				
	2014	2014 2015 \$17M \$6.5M \$5.6M \$750K \$3.9M \$20M \$25M \$4.7M \$38M \$150M \$10M \$10M				

Pharmaceutical					
Type of Behavior	2014	2015	2016		
AKS	\$128.2M	\$460.7M	\$46.5M		
Beneficiary inducement	\$6.3M	-	-		
Billing for controlled substances w/o valid prescription	-	\$31.5M	-		
Failure to meet quality standards	\$18M	-	-		
Failure to reimburse Medicaid for drug costs	\$6M	-	-		
Marketing of prescription for non-FDA approved use	-	\$171.9M	-		
Medically unnecessary prescriptions by non-treating physicians	-	\$8.4M	-		
Misleading statements to market and sell medication	\$63.8M		\$62.6M		
Underpayment of rebates	-	\$54M	\$413M		
Total	\$222.3M	\$726.5M	\$522.1M		

Medical I	Devid	$ce_{\Lambda \Lambda}$				
Type of Behavior 2014 2015 2016						
AKS	\$9.98M	\$2.6M	\$318.8M			
AKS & promotion of device for non-FDA approved use	\$40.1M	\$13.5M	-			
Distribution of adulterated medical devices	\$41.2M		-			
Marketing and distribution of device for non-approved use	-	-	\$18M			
Medically unnecessary devices or supplies	-	-	-			
Selling devices to government that were manufactured outside of the US	-	\$12.7M	-			
Unbundling	-	\$10.3M	-			
Upcoding	-	\$1.3M	-			
Total	\$91.28M	\$40.4M	\$336.8M			

Durable Med	arcar Eq	aipii	1011
Type of Behavior	2014	2015	2016
AKS	-		\$54.8M
Falsified medical documentation	-	\$7.5M	-
Total	-	\$7.5M	\$54.8M

for services referred by non-physicians	Type of Behavior	2014	2015	2016
ed medical documentation - \$5.7M - zally unnecessary services - \$15M -	KS & medically unnecessary services	\$15.5M	\$254.1M	\$3.7M
cally unnecessary services - \$15M -	illing for services referred by non-physicians	-	\$2.9M	-
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	alsified medical documentation	-	\$5.7M	-
\$15.5M \$277.7M \$3.7M	Medically unnecessary services	-	\$15M	-
	otal	\$15.5M	\$277.7M	\$3.7M
	tal	\$15.5M	\$277.7M	\$3



A Recei	nt History	11.
HCFA	C Data	
2009 to 2016	>\$17.9 bil.	
2016	\$3.3 bil	
2015	\$1.9 bil	
2014	\$2.3 bil	
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		1	Whistleblo	owers Drivi	ing Enforce	ment	
	NEW M	ATTERS 1		SE	ETTLEMENTS AND JUDGMEN	ets ₂	
FY	PY NON GUI YAM GUI YAM TOYAL	QUITAM		QUI TAM			TOTAL QUI TAM
		WHERE U.S. INTERVENED OR OTHERWISE PURSUED	WHERE U.S. DECLINED	TOTAL	AND NON QUI TAM		
2008	161	379	312,193,480	1,042,582,229	12,678,936	1,055,261,165	1,367,454,648
2009	132	433	469,334,681	1,959,856,256	33,776,480	1,993,632,735	2,462,967,417
2010	140	576	647,383,493	2,280,378,123	108,890,899	2,389,269,023	3,036,652,516
2011	125	635	241,365,995	2,648,195,115	173,888,703	2,822,083,818	3,063,449,81
2012	144	652	1,608,112,862	3,342,216,074	44,973,343	3,387,189,418	4,995,302,28
2013	101	755	169,126,772	2,838,439,485	127,348,056	2,965,787,541	3,134,914,31
2014	97	715	1,676,564,226	4,371,182,653	81,378,451	4,452,561,104	6,129,125,33
2015	110	639	731,342,286	1,879,431,785	1,174,568,601	3,054,000,386	3,785,342,67
2016	143	702	1,856,329,432	2,800,043,469	104,984,935	2,905,028,403	4,761,357,83
TOTAL	4,883	11,304	15,347,423,655	35,394,820,358	2,290,532,213	37,685,352,572	53,032,776,22

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What's Driving the Enforcement Environment?

- Solvency of Medicare and Medicaid Programs
- "Pay and Chase"
- High ROI to government spend
- Whistleblowers
 - Relator monetary rewards and attorney fees
 - Growth area for plaintiffs' bar



What's Driving the Enforcement Environment?

- Dedicated enforcement resources
 - Health Care Fraud and Abuse Control Account
 - ACA included more than \$350M in dedicated enforcement funding (over 10 years)
- Public and political pressure
 - Prescription opioid enforcement
 - Mylan Epi-pen (\$465M Medicaid settlement)

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What's Driving the Enforcement Environment?

- Lack of other distractions (or government priorities)
- Complex regulatory environment
 - Coding systems tend to fail at the edges
 - High levels of regulatory change
- Competitive business pressures

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Impact on Health Care Industry

Resources for Patient Care

- Robust Compliance Program
 - Internal Audit
 - Training and Education
 - Management and Board Oversight
- Defending Investigations even those w/out merit
 - DOJ must investigate all qui tams
 - Companies must cooperate

Predictions for 2017

- Aggressive administrative actions (revocation, suspension, exclusions, non-enrollment)
- Appellate courts weigh in on the FCA's materiality standard, but no consistency or clarity
- No decrease in focus on long term care, hospice and home health, AKS and financial relationships
- Government commences / continues dragnet targeting opioid and controlled substances prescriptions
- Enforcement and rhetoric by DOJ and OIG about pursuing individuals (more "exemplar" cases, more exclusion cases)

