# Bundled Payments and Other Risk Arrangements for Post-Acute Care Providers

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# Agenda

- Bundling arrangements
- Fraud and abuse considerations affecting bundling arrangements
- Bundling waivers under Federal Anti-Kickback Statute and Stark
- Collaboration/Contract Issues
- Swapping and fair market value
- What's Next?

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# Affordable Care Act (ACA) and Coordinated Care Initiatives

- The Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Innovation ("The CMS Innovation Center")was created by §3021 of the ACA (amending § 1115A of the SSA)
  - For purpose of testing "innovative payment and service delivery models to reduce program expenditures ... while preserving or enhancing the quality of care."
  - Model must either reduce spending without reducing the quality of care, or improve the quality of care without increasing spending, and must not deny or limit the coverage or provision of any benefits.

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ACA and Coordinated Care Initiatives	
CMS Innovation Center     https://innovation.cms.gov/initiatives/index.html#views=models	
Past and Present Innovation Center Programs: Nursing Home Value-Based Purchasing Demonstration	
Physician Group Practice Transition Demonstration	
Comprehensive Primary Care Initiative	
Accountable Care Organizations (ACO)	
Bundled Payments for Care (BPCI)	
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The ACA Established ACOs	
ACO - An organization of health care providers that agrees to be:     Accountable for the quality, cost, and overall care of Medicare beneficiaries who are enrolled in the traditional fee-for-service program who are assigned to it     Share in the savings such activities generate for Medicare     Financially responsible should costs exceed certain benchmarks     As of August 2016, ACOs have generated more than \$1.29 billion in total Medicare savings since 2012.     A University of Michigan Population Studies Center research project is examining the impact of ACOs on post-acute care utilization; and the impact of changes in post-acute care spending and utilization on patient outcomes.	
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The ACA Established ACOs	
• Examples:	
■Pioneer ACO Model	
<ul> <li>Medicare Shared Savings Program ("MSSP")</li> <li>ACO Model</li> </ul>	
■Next Generation ACO Model	
ACO Investment Model (AIM)  Medicara Medicaid ACO Medel (Dec 15, 2014)	
I - Madiagra Madiagid ACO Madal (Dag 15 2014)	1

Overview of Bundled Payments
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**Bundled Payment** - Medicare offers a single lump sum for an entire episode of care related to a treatment or condition and that sum is then divided among all parties who provide services during that episode of care.

- 1991: coronary artery bypass graft surgery demo (CABG)
- 2009: Acute Care Episode (ACE)
- 2016: Oncology Care Model (OCM)

# Bundled Payment v. ACO

# **Bundled Payments**

- Specific patients
- Budget determined by hospital
- Specific conditions
- Specialist Focused
- Organization keeps all savings
- Payment from contracted org.
- Less money (pilot project)
- Up and Downside Risk

• ACO

- Every patient
- Budget determined by CMS
- All conditions
- Primary Care Physician Focused
- Savings shared with Medicare
- Payments from Medicare
- More money involved
- Up and Downside Risk

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Bundled Payment for Care			Э	
	Impro	vement (BI	<sup>2</sup> CI) Mode	els
	Model 1 (Concluded 12.31.2016)	Model 2	Model 3	Model 4
isode		Selected DRGs; hospital plus post- acute period		Selected DRGs; hospital plus readmissions
	All Part A services paid as part of the MS-DRG payment	services during the initial inpatient	services during the post-acute	All non-hospice Part A and B services [including the hospital and physician] during initial inpatient stay and readmissions
yment	Retrospective	Retrospective	Retrospective	Prospective
tps://www.cms.gov/New	sroom/MediaReleaseDatabase/F	act-sheets/2015-Fact-sheets-items/201	5-08-13-2.html	
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BPCI Model 2: September 2015 Annual Survey
Year 2 Evaluation

- · Majority of episode initiators were acute care hospitals
- Medicare payments for hospitalization and 90 days post-discharge declined \$864 more for orthopedic surgery episodes at BPCI-participating hospitals than at non-participating hospitals because of reduced use of institutional post-acute care following hospitalization.
- Institutional post-acute care use declined for cardiovascular surgery episodes for BPCI.
- Participants indicated they tried to collaborate with area providers, especially post-acute care providers to improve care coordination and gain efficiency across an episode of care.
  - Participants indicated that it was challenging to establish relationships with other providers.
  - Patient education efforts were highlighted by participants, and may reported they focused on reducing post-acute care costs.

#### BPCI Model 3: September 2015 Annual Survey Year 2 Evaluation

- Skilled nursing facilities (SNFs) were the most dominate participants, followed by home health agencies (HHAs).
- Only 1 inpatient rehab facility, long-term care hospital, and physician group practice
- Standardized SNF payments and SNF days for SNF-initiated BPCI episodes declined relative to the comparison group across almost all episode
- Did not result in statistically significant declines in total episode payments.
- Quality was maintained or improved except in 3 isolated instances.
- Post-acute care providers formed or augmented existing relationships with other post-acute care providers and hospitals and engaged third-party administrators and data management contractors.
  - Noted challenges include difficulty forming relationships with hospitals and physicians affiliated with different provider systems.

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# Comprehensive Care for Joint Replacement (CJR) Model

On November 16, 2015, CMS finalized regulations regarding the Comprehensive Care for Joint Replacement (CJR) Model

- Acute care hospitals in 67 MSAs are receiving retrospective bundled payments for episodes of care for lower extremity joint replacement or reattachment of a lower extremity (LEJR).

   MS-DRS 469 (Major Joint replacement or reattachment of lower extremity with major complications or complications or complications.)
- MS-DRG 470 (Major joint replacement or reattachment of lower extremity without major complications or comorbidities)
- Separate episode target prices for MS-DRGs 469 and 470
- All related care (Part A and B) within 90 days of hospital discharge from the LEJR procedure are included in the episode of care, including hospital care, post acute care and hospital services, with certain exclusions.
- Began April 1, 2016.
- Repayment Risk: Gain Share Opportunity: Y1 (0%) Y2 (5%) Y3 (10%) Y4-5 (20%) Y1 (5%) Y2 (5%) Y3 (10%) Y4-5 (20%)

# Announced Episode-based Payment Initiatives

- December 20, 2016 Final Rule
- Effective February 18, 2017 42 CFR Part 512.
- Acute Myocardial Infarction (AMI) Model

- Covers Part A and Part B items and services provided to acute care hospitals from initial hospitalization through 90 days after discharge in retrospective bundled payments

  Coronary Artery Bypass Graft (CABG) Model

  Covers Part A and Part B items and services through retrospective bundled payments related to CABG treatment and recovery, from initial hospitalization through 90 days after discharge.
- Surgical Hip and Femur Fracture Treatment (SHFFT) Model
- Covers Part A and Part Bitems and services through retrospective bundled payments related to SHFT and recovery from hospitalization through 90 days after discharge.

  Performance Period: July 1, 2017 June 30, 2021

  Participating hospitals coordinate care across providers and suppliers, including post-acute

# Purpose of the Anti-Kickback Statute

AKS designed to prevent improper referrals, which can lead to:



- Overutilization
- Increased costs
- Corruption of medical decision-making
- · Patient steering
- Unfair competition

# Anti-Kickback Statute Overview



Prohibits asking for or receiving anything of value to induce or reward referrals of Federal health care program business

# Statutory Elements 42 U.S.C. 1320a-7b(b)

Anti-Kickback Statute prohibits:

- · Knowingly and willfully
- Directly or indirectly offering, paying, soliciting, or receiving
- Remuneration
- In order to induce or reward the referral or purchase of (or arranging for the purchase of) items or services for which payment may be made by a Federal healthcare program

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# Penalties for Kickbacks Criminal fines up to \$25K; prison up to 5 years Civil Money Penalty exposure, fines, program exclusion

# **Exceptions and Safe Harbors**

- Statutory exceptions (Congress) / regulatory safe harbors (OIG)
- Transactions satisfying all elements of Safe Harbor will not be prosecuted. Transactions not satisfying all elements are not per se illegal, but are subject to a facts-and-circumstances analysis

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# Other Fraud and Abuse Laws: **Beneficiary Inducement CMP**

Section 1128A(a)(5) of the Social Security Act provides that:

- any person who offers or transfers
  - remuneration
  - to a Medicare or Medicaid beneficiary

  - that the person knows or should know
    is likely to influence the beneficiary's selection of
- a particular provider, practitioner, or supplier of
  Medicare or Medicaid payable items or services

may be liable for civil money penalties of up to \$10,000 for each wrongful act.

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# Other Fraud and Abuse Laws: Beneficiary Inducement CMP - Exceptions

Certain exceptions, e.g., Non-routine, unadvertised waivers of copayments or deductible amounts based on individualized determinations of financial need or exhaustion of reasonable collection efforts; Incentives to promote the delivery of preventive care; reduction in the copayment amount for covered Outpatient Department Services; offer of items for free or less than FMV if unadvertised, and not tied to other services reimbursed under Medicare or Medicaid and individual has financial need.

• Exceptions updated effective January 6, 2017.

http://www.oig.hhs.gov/fraud/docs/alerts and bulletins/SABG ifts and Inducements.pdf

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#### Fraud and Abuse Waivers

- Shared Savings Program Waivers (Section 1899(f) of SSA)
- Secretary may waive certain fraud and abuse laws as necessary to carry out the provisions
  of the Medicare Shared Savings Program.
- October 29, 2015: OIG and CMS jointly published the Medicare Program; Final Waivers in Connection with the Shared Saving Program Final Rule.
- Waivers for Innovation Center Models (Section 1115A(d)(1) of SSA)
  - Secretary may waive certain fraud and abuse laws as necessary solely for purposes of testing payment and service delivery models developed by the Center for Medicare and Medicaid Innovation.
  - As of early January 2017: Six groups of waivers issued, including those for the BPCI models and CJR.

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#### Fraud and Abuse Waivers

 Keep in Mind: A waiver will apply to the arrangement(s) only if the individuals/entities seeking its protection are eligible to use the waiver and all conditions of the waiver are met.

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# Fraud and Abuse Waivers v. Program Waivers

https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Fraud-and-Abuse/PhysicianSelfReferral/Fraud-and-Abuse-Waivers.html

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	Waivers for BPCI Models	
	OIG and CMS jointly issued waiv	ers for specified
Ü	and physician self-referral law in connect	ion with:
	nts - sharing of cost savings earned pursua odology and conditions set forth in Waiver No	
	een the hospitals and CMS.	,
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	Waivers for BPCI Models	
	and CMS jointly issued waivers for specificals 2, 3, and 4 Participants.	ed arrangements
<ul> <li>Savings Pool C</li> </ul>	S and physician self-referral law in connection contribution – Internal Cost Savings contributed by	with: Episode-Integrated
<ul> <li>Gainsharing Pa</li> </ul>	nents - certain distributions from the BPCI Savings Poo ayments - made by Gainsharer Group Practice to	I Gainsharer Group
	(S and CMP prohibiting beneficiary induceme	ents in connection
	rement incentives – in-kind items or services pro or Gainsharer to a Model Beneficiary	vided by a Model
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	Waivers for BPCI Models	
Waiver of AKS:     Professional Ser	vices Fee – for Model 4 only, payments from hospita oractitioners for professional services furnished to hosp	als to physicians and
Each pursuant t	to conditions set forth in the applicable Wa	· · ·
Participation Agr	reement	

Waivers for BPCI Models: https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Fraud-and-Abuse/PhysicianSelfReferrar/Downloads/BPCI-Model-1-Walves pdf  BPCI Model 2: https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Fraud-and-Abuse/PhysicianSelfReferrar/Downloads/BPCI-Model-2-Walves pdf  BPCI Model 3: https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Fraud-and-Abuse/PhysicianSelfReferrar/Downloads/BPCI-Model-3-Walves pdf  BPCI Model 3: https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Fraud-and-Abuse/PhysicianSelfReferrar/Downloads/BPCI-Model-3-Walves pdf  BPCI Model 4: https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Fraud-and-Abuse/PhysicianSelfReferrar/Downloads/BPCI-Model-4-Walves pdf  Medicare/Fraud-and-Abuse/PhysicianSelfReferrar/Downloads/BPCI-Model-4-Walves pdf  Abuse/PhysicianSelfReferrar/Downloads/BPCI-Model-4-Walves pdf  Medicare/Fraud-and-Abuse/PhysicianSelfReferrar/Downloads/BPCI-Model-4-Walves pdf  The Limits of PAC Provider Collaboration  **Contracting and negotiating considerations  **Contracting and negotiating considerations  **IHAA Collaboration Examples:  - 3 OIG Advisory Opinions  - 1 reported enforcement action		
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BPCI Model 3: https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/fraud-and-Abuse/PhysicianSelfReferral/Downloads/BPCI-Model-3-Walvers.pdf  BPCI Model 4: https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Fraud-and-Abuse/PhysicianSelfReferral/Downloads/BPCI-Model-4-Walvers.pdf  Mwrb. 28, 2017		
BPCI Model 3: https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Fraud-and-Abuse/Physicianfselficeferal/Downloads/BPCI-Model-3-Walvers.pdf  BPCI Model 4: https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Fraud-and-Abuse/Physicianfselficeferal/Downloads/BPCI-Model-4-Walvers.pdf  March 22 2017 InCA Compliance Institute 23  March 22 2017 InCA Compliance Institute 23  March 22 2017 InCA Compliance Institute 23  March 23 2017 InCA Compliance Institute 24  March 23 2017 InCA Compliance Institute 24  March 24 2017 InCA Compliance Institute 24  March 25 2017 InCA Compliance Institute 24  March 26 2017 Inca CMS (Jointly Issued wakes for specified antangements involving C.R Model participants. Walver of the AS and physician self-referral law in connection with:  - Contain payment gand adignment purpowers between foreign and provides or supplies  - Noticic hospitals that share polyments between foreign or supplies and provides an	BPCI Model 2: https://ww Abuse/PhysicianSelfReference	ww.cms.gov/Medicare/Fraud-and- ral/Downloads/RPCI-Model-2-Waivers.pdf
Waivers for CJR  Waivers for CJR  Maren 38, 2011  **CCA Complement Intelligency Completed and Completed Properties Intelligency Completed and Provided Properties Intelligency Completed Intelligency Intelligency Completed Intelligency Completed Intelligency Completed Intelligency Intelligency Completed Intelligency Intelligency Completed Intelligency Intelligency Completed Intelligency Intelli	-	
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<ul> <li>Contracting and negotiating considerations</li> <li>HHA Collaboration Examples:         <ul> <li>3 OIG Advisory Opinions</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Walver of the AKS and physicia Certain gainsharing and at Protects hospitals that suppliers. Certain payments from a p Protects arrangement model distributes a por Each subject to certain co Walver of the AKS and CMP pr Certain pattent engageme Allows participant hosp Incentives must comply wil https://www.cms.gov/Medicar	in self-referral law in connection with:  lignment payments between hospitals and providers or suppliers  share payments from CMS and hospital internal cost savings with other providers and  hysician group practice (*PGP*) to members of the physician practice  in which a PGP that received a gainsharing payment from a hospital in the CJR  from of those funds to its practice collaboration agents.  Inditions, including compliance with program rules.  which including beneficiary inducements in connection with:  Intincentives that promote preventive care or certain clinical goals  sitals to provide in-kind items and services to beneficiaries in CJR model episodes.  In applicable program rules and walver conditions.  e/Fraud-and-Abuse/PhysicianSelfReferral/Downloads/2015-CJR-Model-Walvers.pdf
■ HHA Collaboration Examples:  — 3 OIG Advisory Opinions	The Limits	of PAC Provider Collaboration
- 3 OIG Advisory Opinions	<ul><li>Contracting</li></ul>	and negotiating considerations

The Limits of PAC Provider Collaboration	
2006 Advisory Opinion 06-01	1
<ul> <li>Home Health Agency ("HHA") provided pre-operative in-home and telephonic safety assessments by a licensed PT to patients without compensation.</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>OIG concluded situation presented grounds for imposition of a CMP and indicated there was an AKS risk.</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Free preoperative in-home assessment constitutes remuneration beyond nominal value that induces patient business, in violation of Inducement to Beneficiary CMP Law</li> </ul>	
Telephonic home safety assessments may be of nominal value (\$10 or less) but OIG said there weren't enough facts to establish	
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The Limits of PAC Provider Collaboration	
<ul> <li>2007 Advisory Opinion 07-16</li> <li>HHA receives referral from surgeon when surgery scheduled; HHA makes one initial phone call to patient and reminds patient of referral and free choice.</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>HHA sends patient 2 educational videos of general application.</li> <li>No patient specific information is provided.</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>OIG concluded it would not impose sanctions.</li> <li>Videos furnished only after surgeon referral</li> <li>Videos of general (not personalized) nature so useable by patient regardless of</li> </ul>	
which HHA is ultimately selected.  Video unlikely to affect patient choice.	

# The Limits of PAC Provider Collaboration

• Video not provided by trained professional (such as a PT) so no personal relationship

#### 2015 Advisory Opinion 15-12

established.

- HHA first selected by patient in discharge planning process; HHA employee contacts patient by phone to inquire of desire for initial visit and patient selects whether visit is by phone or in person. Visit is to facilitate transition to home care service. At visit, HHA provides overview of home care experience, gives written materials and contact info and shares pictures of care team; no diagnostic or therapeutic service provided.

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The Limits of PAC Provider Collaboration
2015 Advisory Opinion 15-12 (cont.)

- OIG concluded intro visit is not remuneration to patient.
   No sanctions.
  - Nature of visit reflected no actual or expected benefit to patient.
  - Only generalized information provided.
  - Purpose of visit to make for a smooth transition.
  - No diagnostic/therapeutic care provided.
  - Patient had already selected HHA.

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#### The Limits of PAC Provider Collaboration

- 2016 OIG Enforcement Action
  - HHA provided free discharge planning services to Hospital patients. HHA had no written contract with Hospital.
     Services were of a type typically provided by Hospital discharge planners. Hospital accepted free discharge planning services from HHA.
  - Hospital self reported to OIG and Government aggressively pursued Hospital.
    - Hospital paid \$1.9 million.

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# The Limits of PAC Provider Collaboration

- Government pursued Hospital because:
  - Potential steering violation more than giving a list.
  - Alleged violation of AKS in that HHA gave free services to Hospital to obtain referrals for home care business.
  - Was outside of CJR and relaxed steerage prohibition in CJR; no application of CJR waiver
    - Noted CJR Gainsharing Waiver precludes in-kind remuneration.

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#### The Limits of PAC Provider Collaboration

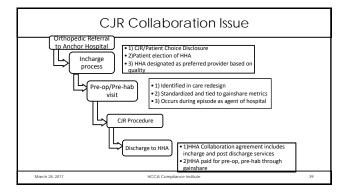
- OIG Advisory Opinions show progression of greater flexibility with key issues being (1) has HHA selection occurred before incentive (favorable): (2) is service more or less designed clinical relationship (if yes, unfavorable). Note all 3 OIG AO's preceded the CJR/Bundled concepts.
- AKS enforcement matter raised steering issue and value of services to hospital
  without fmv compensation. Matter was outside of CJR with relaxed steering
  standard and potential CJR for some Gainsharing compensation.
- Challenges are to embrace new care redesign in CJR within the context of existing F&A Laws and develop arrangement that addresses various issues.
- 2 existing waivers in CJR have hurdles;
  - CMP walver for beneficiary incentive requires HHA as agent; and incentive must occur during episode of care
- Gainshare waiver covers payment <u>not</u> conduct.
   Concept has some risk but reach of CJR structure offers arguments.

#### CJR Collaboration Issue

- Pre-operative Visit in Advance of CJR Episode
  - Invert discharge to intake with full patient choice.
  - Part of care redesign / Collaboration agreement between anchor hospital and HHA includes "incharge"
  - Patient on intake participates in CJR care plan with required CJR
  - Pre-op / Pre-hab visit physician authorized with full patient consent.
  - Gainsharing methodology rewards HHA on a global basis (i.e. not per prehab visit) but based upon a base fee for incharge services with a bonus based on quality (eg. Readmissions, which is a CMP waiver goal).

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С	CJR Collaboration Issue		
<ul><li>Issues</li></ul>			
<ul><li>How can HHA b</li><li>Does early select</li></ul>	e "agent" under CMP waiver and "HHA" for follo tion of HHA overcome issue of patient induceme g fair market value for the assessment services thr	ent?	
Gainsharing pay  – What if no home	yment? e health on discharge?		
- Better if:	clinical under prior AOs?		
before it does	ct to patient waits until hospitalization and HHA is selecte assessment. s to payment to HHA if no home care ordered (if home o		_
there is potent	tial Gainsharing but no FFS billing)	care ordered,	
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			-
" E	Bundling" Hypothetical		
Cleveland, Ohio. AB	m ("ABC") is a large tertiary hospit C has issued a request for proposal ("F s to participate in a comprehensive pos	RFP") to post-	-
bundling arrangeme with every post a	nt. ABC has stated in the RFP that it will acute care provider and is looki	not contract ng for one	
arrangement. The RF	t acute care solution for its propos P states that, among the criteria that A are, pricing, patient outcomes and reh	BC intends to	
	rge post-acute care provider in the Cle nd operate nursing homes, home hea		
and hospices.			
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" E	Bundling" Hypothetical		
<ol> <li>LTC is willing to of represents a signific offer a less signific</li> </ol>	the RFP and is considering the following alternative fer its nursing home services with a per diem cant discount from LTC's standard pricing. LTC ant discount on its home health services. The oposal, standing alone, will cause LTC to Ic.	pricing that is willing to LTC nursing	
However, when co even or generate a 2. LTC is considering (	mbined with the home health services, LTC expe a small profit. proposing a shared savings arrangement pursua	cts to break int to which	
baseline year and	rty percent (30%) of the savings generated from will also be obligated to pay thirty percent (30%) are costs exceed the baseline year costs.		
ABC acknowledge     without dedicated	es that the bundling arrangement cannot be I patient navigators. However, ABC cannot aff ITC is considering offering to provide the naviga	ford to hire	
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# **Swapping Overview**



- "Swapping" typically arrangements in which providers and/or suppliers give discounts on Medicare Part A services in exchange for referrals on Part D or Part B business
- Example: an LTC Pharmacy offers below market/discounted prices to SNF's on Part A drugs, which the SNF is responsible for paying for, in exchange for an agreement to provide access to higher paying reimbursable business on the SNF's Part D or B patients.

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# **Swapping Overview**

- Red Flags to Look For:
  - •Rates below total costs of providing services suggest provider may swap these below-cost rates in exchange for separately billable, non-discounted Federal health care program business.
  - Discounted prices to one buyer that are lower than the prices the provider offers to other buyers with similar volumes but no separately billable Federal health care program business.
  - Discounts coupled with exclusive provider agreements or other agreements to refer Federal health care business.

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#### OIG Advisory Opinion 10-26

- Unfavorable
- Proposed payment plans for emergency and non-emergency transportation services provided for Medicaid-covered residents of skilled nursing facilities
- Additional guidance cited: reference to swapping discussions in 2003 Compilance Program Guidance (CPG) for Ambulance Suppliers and 2008 Supplemental CPG for Nursing Homes

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offered to the SNT that are below the supplier's total costs of providing the services—as in the facts presented bure—give rise to on inference that the supplier and the SNF may be "swapping" the below-cost rates on business for which the SNF bears the business risk in exchange for other profitable non-discounted Federal business, from which the supplier can recoup losses incurred on the below-cost business, potentially through overstilization or absurve billing repetities.

succion the facts presented here, we are unable to exclude the possibility that the copposite may be officing improper discourts to the SNFs for their Mackaid Transport ervices business with the intent to induce refurnish of more lucrative Federal Business. Net we want to be considered the possibility that the SNFs may be selecting improper discounts on sunners for which they bear risk in exchange for referrals of business for which they bear or tolk. Induced, the Proposed Arrangement posses a solutional risk of such improper or tolk. Induced, the Proposed Arrangement posses a solutional risk of such improper and the proposed arrangement posses a solutional risk of such improper and the proposed arrangement posses a solution fine of such improper to the proper such as the proposed arrangement of the proper and the proper such as the proper such as the proper and the proper such as the proper and the proper such as the proper such as the proper such as the proper and the proper such as the proper such

CONCLUSION

Based on the facts certified in your sequent for an advisory opinion and supplemental submissions, we conclude that the Proposed Arrangement could potentially generate providabled remanancies under the article-facts state and that the OSC could potentially remains a supplemental to the property of the property of the property of the 1128AdAV7 of the Art (as those sections refate to the commission of sixe doctried in section 1128BdAV7.

March 28, 2017

HCCA Compliance Institute

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# **OIG Advisory Opinion 12-09**

- Favorable
- Reduced-rate for the arrangements provision of therapy services at state-operated veterans'
- Additional guidance cited: footnote reference to 1999 and 2000 OIG letters on swapping arrangements available on OIG website; see also ad ops 99-2 & 99-13

# "Swapping" Hypothetical

ABC Rx is a long-term care institutional pharmacy. ABC Rx is growing rapidly and they badly want to enter into a long term contract with LTC, Inc., a large post-acute care provider. Currently, the LTC, Inc. nursing homes are paying for their Medicare Part A drugs at the state Medicaid allowable price. The LTC, Inc. nursing homes are also paying their current pharmacy for consulting pharmacists at \$30.00 per hour. ABC Rx offers to sell LTC, Inc. its Medicare Part A drugs at 95% of the state Medicaid allowable price and offers to provide consulting pharmacists at \$25.00 per hour. The ABC Rx offer is made with the expectation that ABC Rx will be the exclusive provider of institutional pharmacy services for all of the LTC, Inc. nursing homes, subject to patient choice, and would obtain all of the nursing homes' separately billable business, e.g., under Part B and Part D. At these rates, ABC Rx has a positive gross margin for the Medicare Part A drugs but ABC Rx pays its consulting pharmacists \$30.00 per hour. However, overall, ABC Rx would make a small profit on the arrangement, even if ABC Rx does not also become the exclusive provider of the nursing homes' separately billable business.

March 28, 2017

HCCA Compliance Institute

#### What's Next?

- Repeal of ACA
  - Within hours of taking oath of office, President Trump signed an executive order "to seek the prompt repeal" of the ACA.
  - Directs Secretary of HHS to interpret the regulations loosely.
  - Rep. Tom Price, nominee for HHS Secretary believes bundled payment program is "experimenting with Americans' health."
    - Participation is mandatory before knowing how it will affect access to care.
    - Will issue more detailed interpretations of ACA based upon executive order once confirmed.
  - Will CMS Innovation Center, created by the ACA, disappear if/when ACA repealed or replaced?

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