





- Government has refined their data analytics for "Smarter" Investigations and prosecutions
- More techniques are being developed to target "high-risk physicians" at the federal and state level (cooperation)
- Healthcare investigations are "bipartisan" and will continue no matter who controls congress
- State Medicaid programs are doing more auditing and monitoring (examples)
- 60-day repayment rules (explain) (can't bury your head in the sand)
- Data transparency





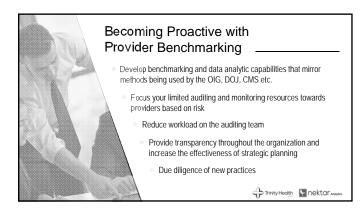


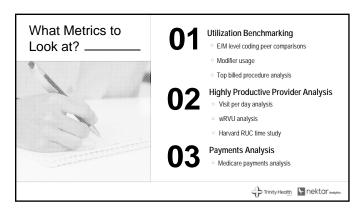
A Typical Trend: Reactive Auditing

- The current reactive approach to auditing and monitoring
 - Just responding to audit requests
 - Conducting documentation reviews entirely in random
 - Benchmarking without a set action plan
- Reasons why this reactive approach is still being used
 - Data issues
 - Understanding benchmarking
 - Restricted FTE and tech resources
 - Fear of knowing







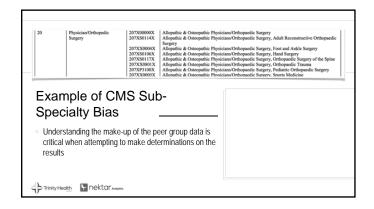


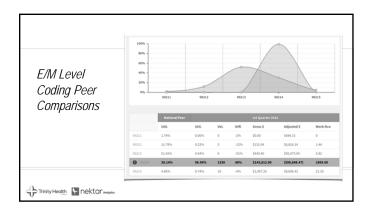
Before You Get Started: Defining Your Peer Group _

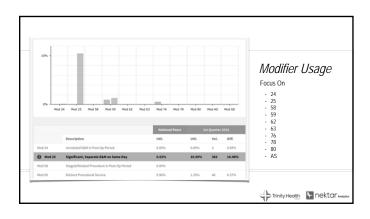
- CMS Utilization Raw Data
 - Sub-Specialty Bias
 - Payer Mix Bias
- MGMA Surveys and Benchmarking Data
 - Understand Volume of Data Included (Total / Specialty / Locality)
- CMS Utilization & Payments Data
 - Line Item Data Not Included on Services Performed on Small Number of Patients

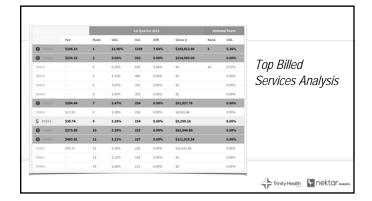












Understanding Medicare Payment Data

- CMS released a data file containing information on Medicare payments made to providers.
- Years Currently Available
 - 2012
 - 2013 - 2014
- Key Benchmarking Analytics
 - Total Payments
 - Number of Patients
 - Payments Per Patient





Year	Total Payments	Number	r of Patients	Payments p	er Patient	
2014	\$512,178	882		\$581		
2013	\$488,895	867		\$564		
2012	\$465,721	825		\$565		
How	compa	STATEWIDE res to 82,256 providers spe				
2014	Total Payments: \$512,1 100th percentile nation		r of Patients: 882 ercentile nationally	Payments per Patient: \$581 97th percentile nationally		

Visit Per Day Analysis.

Develop an internal average per day analysis:

- Use MGMA data
- Physician paid claims
- CPT codes, volume, date of service
- MGMA Visit Data 70th, 80th, and 90th
- How many visits per day?

CPT Code	Typical Time for Code
99212	10 min
99213	15 min
99214	25 min
99215	40 min

Provider Informat	ion	MGMA Percentiles			
Criteria	Actual	70th	80th	90th	
Total Days Worked	256	240	240	245	
Total Encounters	6764	4508	5067	6127	
Avg Encounters / Day	26	19	21	25	
Total Work RVUs	9439	5672	6279	7390	



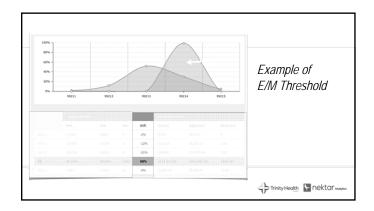


Highly Productive Physicians _

- Special care must be taken with "highly productive"
- $\textit{Example:}\xspace$ Physicians with annual wRVUs > 90th% of industry benchmarks
- Example: Physicians that have billed a high number of hours based on Harvard RUC time study
- $\hbox{-} Special ties such as cardiology, neurosurgery, orthopedics \\$
- Evaluate need for additional audit procedures to
- Medical appropriateness of services
- Adherence to industry professional standards

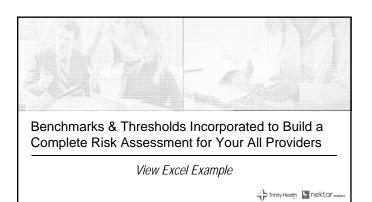


The Importance of Incorporating Risk Thresholds Creates a standardized approach to know when a provider is an outlier Streamlines the analysis process by filtering out the providers that are not a risk Scorecards can be created by combing multiple analysis thresholds together Trinity Health Inektar...



Provider	Specialty	At Risk CPT	CPT Vol	CPT Util.	CPT Diff.
JULIA A MATTSON MD	Obstetrics & Gynecology	99214	1330	98.59%	68.00%
XIANG LIU MD	Diagnostic Radiology	99213	1025	89.75%	54.00%
REZA J DAUGHERTY MD	Diagnostic Radiology	99213	1792	74.14%	38.00%
MINCHUL FRANCIS SHIN MD	Diagnostic Radiology	99213	1991	70.06%	34.00%
TIMOTHY JAMES EDEN CRNP	Nurse Practitioner	99214	1213	67.02%	29.00%
LEONARD ROSENBAUM MD	Diagnostic Radiology	99214	568	64.91%	41.00%
SARA C GAVENONIS MD	Diagnostic Radiology	99213	1875	64.32%	28.00%
KRISTINA SIDDALL MD	Diagnostic Radiology	99213	2048	63.82%	28.00%
RALPH P IERARDI MD	Vascular Surgery	99215	48	32.65%	30.00%





Spike in Data/Outliers..Next Steps Ask questions: - New hire - Software problems - New service line - Operational issues Do a deeper data dive Review records – validate (create audit plan) Printy Hoods: Printy

Disclaimer	
Disclaimer is very important:	
The analyses are for benchmarking purposes only and to assist in prioritizing areas for further review by hospital management	
Coding and billing is dependent upon the services rendered by the hospital as determined to be medically necessary and appropriate based on the patient's presenting medical condition	14/12/
 No conclusions regarding the accuracy of coding and billing, nor compliance with government and third-party payer rules and regulations can be made without further review of the providers underlying medical records documentation 	
Trivity Health Congktor	



- Risk based approach to auditing and monitoring
- Review benchmarking results to assess outliers
- Review alternate methods of reducing the scope of the audit based on specialty, volume and revenue. Examples:

 - Only significant outliers should be considered for audit (Thresholds)
 Soft 80% of primary care revenue is based on established E/M visits
 Usually a few services account for 70% 80%

 - of net revenue for specialty practices

 4. Review the highly productive physicians first

See Handout







Creating an Audit Plan

- Sampling process/consideration:
 - Retrospective claims (prior 3 months)
 - Non-statistical sampling e.g. judgment sampling
- Population is stratified (stratums) based on benchmarking
- Sample size small samples based on risk
- Extrapolation NONE
- Since the sample size was controlled by the auditor it cannot be measured
- Analysis of Sample
- Provider documentation in comparison to CPT codes
- Accuracy of diagnoses
- Accuracy of place of service codes
- Functionality an use of the EMR system

See Handout

Creating an Audit Plan Pt 2 _

- Error/Accuracy Rate NONE
- Findings Categories:
 - Observations* Observations which may affect the accurate assignment of the diagnoses, procedures or compliance with other program requirements and require a management response and corrective action plan.
 - $\underline{\text{Incidental Matters}} \text{Matters noted during the review that do not require a management response}.$
- Audit Cycle at risk providers every year all other providers 3-5 year cycle.
- * Observations identified are subject to the following internal Policy, *Correction of Errors in Federal and State Health Care Program Payments*





