### BUILDING YOUR TOOLBOX TO MANAGE CONFLICT OF INTEREST: SUNSHINE, OPEN PAYMENTS, AND INVESTIGATIONS

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Presented I	by
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#### Agenda

- $\bullet$  Explore the key points of the Sunshine Act
- Explain Industry's approach to "Sunshine" reporting and the Open Payments lifecycle
- $\bullet$  Leverage your resources to conduct meaningful investigations when data doesn't match

SUNSHINE ACT Key Points	
Purpose  Promote transparency in financial interactions between pharmaceutical and medical device companies and certain healthcare providers  Created by the Affordable Care Act	
Manufacturers of a drug, device, biological or medical supply covered under Medicare, Medicaid or the Children's Health Insurance Program must report most payments or other transfers of value made to a covered recipient (i.e., physicians and teaching hospitals)  Applies only to manufacturers  Transactions reported involve teaching hospitals and physicians	

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Reporting	
<ul> <li>Manufacturers must annually register and submit reports to the Centers for Medicare &amp; Medicaid Services (CMS) by go days after calendar year end</li> </ul>	
Separate reports for general transfers of value and research transfers of value     Annual reports cover transfers of value made in the preceding calendar year	
Annual reports tower danisers of value made in the preceding calcillar year	
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Review Process	
Manufacturers and covered recipients have 45 days to review information through	
Mailtotactories and covered recipients have 45 days to review information through secure website prior to public disclosure     Covered recipients register to review manufacturer submissions	
Reviewers may indicate agreement/disagreement with information posted	
CMS will not arbitrate disputes between manufacturers and covered entities	
<ul> <li>If dispute not resolved, CMS will post information as reported by manufacturer but note that information is in dispute</li> </ul>	
Penalties for Non-Compliance	
Failure to Report: Civil money penalty from \$1,000 to \$10,000 for each unreported	
transfer of value up to \$150,000  Knowing Failure to Report: Civil money penalty from \$10,000 to \$100,000 for each	
unreported transfer of value up to \$1,000,000	

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Corrections	
<ul> <li>Manufacturers must report discovered errors or omissions in information submitted immediately</li> </ul>	
CMS notifies affected covered recipients and updates website posting annually	_
CMS may undertake interim "refreshes" of data posted	
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Documentation	
<ul> <li>Manufacturers must maintain all records sufficient to enable audit of compliance with reporting requirement</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Records mentioned for at least 5 years from date that transfer of value is <u>publicly posted</u> not date that transfer of value is <u>reported</u></li> </ul>	
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Covered Recipients	
Physicians Licensed physician, osteopath, dentist, dental surgeon, podiatrist, optometrist, or chiropractor Legally authorized to practice medicine	
<ul> <li>U.S. or U.S. territory (Puerto Rico, Virgin Islands, Guam and American Samoa) even if living abroad</li> <li>Excludes:</li> </ul>	
Employee of manufacturer     Residents     Tooching Megnitals	
Teaching Hospitals     Any institution receiving Medicare direct or indirect graduate medical education payments     CMS posts list annually on Open Payments website and manufacturers may rely on that	
listor can they?	

Types of Reporting Requirements	
Payments or other transfers of value if  Research Payments (1) made in connection with "research"	
and (2) protocol or written agreement	
General Payments All other transfers of value	
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Research Transfers of Value	
Manufacturers must track and report the following information for research	
transfers of value <u>related to clinical research</u> :  Name of individual/entity <u>directly</u> receiving the transfer of value  Physician Wamp, business and parall addresses, National Provider (deptifier (NPI), state licence	
number and state, specialty (as per the taxonomy and code in National Plan and Provider Enumeration System (NPPES)) and type of medicine practiced (M.D., D.O., D.P.M., O.D., or D.C.P.)	
<ul> <li><u>Teaching Hospital</u>: Name, business and email addresses, TIN and NPI (if applicable)</li> <li><u>Other Third Party</u>: Name and business and email addresses</li> </ul>	
Data Elements	
Data Liciticitis	

 $\bullet$  Total amount, date and form of research payment

 Whether the product is a Covered Product, a non-Covered Product, a combination, or neither

neither

- <u>Covered Product</u>: Prescription drug or medical device if premarket approval by or premarket notification to the FDA is required and payment is available under Medicare, Medicaid or the Children's Health Insurance Program

- Name of related covered product(s)

- Information on physician principal investigators (same as for physicians above)

Name of research study

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- Manufacturers must track and report the following abbreviated information for research transfers of value related to <a href="mailto:pre-clinical">pre-clinical</a> research:
   Name of individual/entity receiving the transfer of value

  - <u>Physician</u>: Name, business and email addresses, NPI, state license number and state, specialty and type of medicine practiced
  - <u>Teaching Hospital</u>: Name, business and email addresses, TIN and NPI (if applicable)
  - Other Third Party: Name, business and email addresses
- Total amount, date and form of the transfer of value
- Information on physician principal investigators

Research-Related Transfers of Valu	Researc	h-Re	lated	Transf	ers of	fVal	lue
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- $\bullet$  Reported under general transfers of value
- Protocol development consultation
   Data monitoring committee service

- Steering committee service
   Meals and travel for investigators not covered in clinical trial agreement

## General Transfers of Value

Consulting fees	Speaker fees
Honoraria	Gifts
Entertainment	Food & Beverage
Travel & Lodging	Courses & Textbooks
Charitable Contributions	Royalties & Licenses
Investment Interest (or potential)	"Grants" (non-research)

INDUSTRY'S APPROACH TO "SUNSHINE" REPORTING	
THE OPEN PAYMENTS LIFECYCLE	
2017 OIG Work Plan: Data Brief on Open Payments Program	
Magazine Topics Events Resources Subscribe Advertise Centact Us Europe From the Editor Child New & Robersofty ABO Sales & Marketing Strategy  ■ Moral Read  ■ Current Issues ■ Top Features ■ New A Strategy ■ Ne	
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2017 OIG Work Plan: Data Brief on Open Payments Program	
New: Data Brief on Financial Interests Reported Under the Open Payments Program  • ACA § 6002 requires that manufacturers disclose to CMS payments made to physicians and teaching hospitals.  • Manufacturers and group purchasing organizations must also report ownership and investment interests held by physicians	

2017 OIG Work F	lan:	Data	Brief	on
Open Payments F	Progr	am		



OIG will also determine how much Medicare paid for drugs and DMEPOS ordered by physicians who had financial relationships with manufacturers and group purchasing organizations.

OIG will determine the volume and total dollar amount associated with drugs and DMEPOS ordered by these physicians in Medicare Parts B and D for 2015.





Settlements	•	
JUSTICE NEWS		
	Department of Justice Office of Public Affairs	SHARE 🎓
FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE		Tuesday, March 11, 2014
	y to Pay \$27.6 Million to Settle All ings to Federal Health Care Progr	
and the state of Illinois \$27.6 million	harmaceuticals USA Inc. and a subsidiary, IVAX LL for allegedly violating the False Claims Act by makin and Medicaid beneficiaries . Teva Pharmaceuticals U	ng payments to induce prescriptions
		Pharma Company

#### Settlements

JUSTICE NEWS



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## Department of Justice Office of Public Affairs

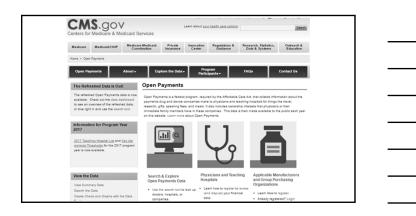
Illinois Physician Pleads Guilty to Taking Kickbacks from Pharmaceutical Company and Agrees to Pay \$3.79 Million to Settle Civil False Claims Act Case

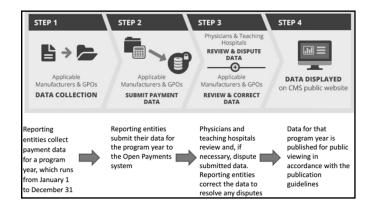
The Department of Justice amounced today that an Illinois physician, Dr. Michael J. Beinstein, pleaded guilty to a federal crime for receiving illegal kichacks and benefits totaling nearly \$600,000 from two pharmaceutical companies in eachange for regularly personaling an anti-psycholic durg — dozupine — to his patients. Benestina ilso ageed to pay the Tulted States and the state of Illinois \$3,70 million to settle a parallel civil lawwrit alleging that, by personing dozupine in exchange for kichkokack, Reinstein caused the submission of false claims to Medicare and Medicalds for the dozupine he prescribed for thousands of elderly and indigent patients in at least 50 Chicago-area nursing homes and other facilities.

Physician: February 2015



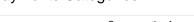






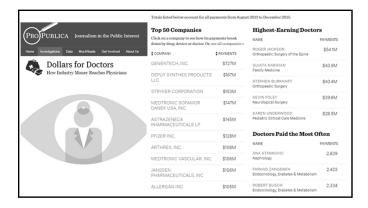


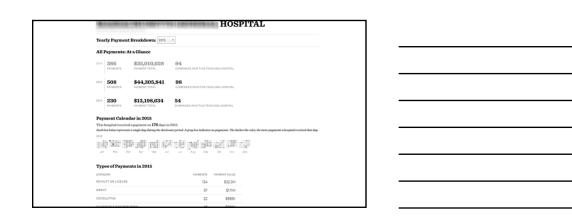
#### **Payments Categories**



- Consulting Fee
- Honoraria
- Gift
- Entertainment
- Food and Beverage Travel and Lodging
- Education
- Charitable Contribution
- Royalty or License
- Grant
- Research
- Compensation for services other than consulting, including serving as faculty or as a speaker at a venue other than a continuing education program;
  Current or prospective ownership or investment interest;
- Compensation for serving as faculty or as a speaker for a non-accredited and noncertified continuing education program;
- Compensation for serving as faculty or as a speaker for an accredited or certified continuing education program;
   Space rental or facility fees (teaching hospital only);

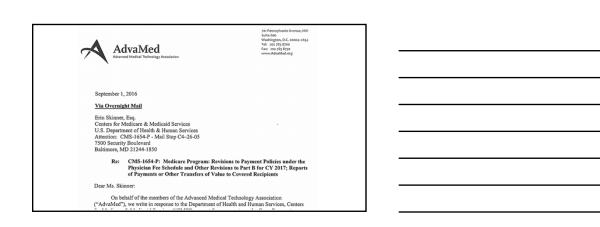












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LEVERAGE YOUR RESOURCES TO CONDUCT	
MEANINGFUL INVESTIGATIONS	
WHEN DATA DOESN'T MATCH	
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Conflict of Interest Reporting – Develop	
Your Program	
<ul> <li>Appoint a Conflict Manager to oversee day-to-day monitoring plan</li> <li>Reviewing disclosed potential conflicts</li> </ul>	
Conducting investigations     Creating management plans	
Create well-defined policies     Determine reporting limits	
How much outside activity is too much?     Provide faculty with clear expectations and definitions	
• "What is honoraria?"	
	1
Conflict of Interest Reporting – Develop	
Your Program	
Determine the frequency of reporting     Annual? Biannual? Continuous?      Determine the frequency of reporting the second	
<ul> <li>Update existing disclosure? Provide new disclosure for each new conflict?</li> <li>Construct an effective questionnaire</li> <li>Broad questions vs specific inquiries</li> </ul>	
Revise!!      Decide on a management tool	
Electronic vs paper     Databases vs spreadsheets	
What can be simplified using the proper tool?	
	I and the second

COI	Techno	logy	Enabl	lement
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Electronic COI management systems can be used to simplify the COI reporting process – and ultimately the investigation process – for managers and researchers.

- Electronic conflict reporting options
- $\bullet \ Centralization \ of \ management \ processes \\$
- Integration with publicly reported databases

# Monitoring Conflicts – Am I getting the whole story?

An effective COI management program will examine information that is reported AND look for what wasn't reported

- Conduct audits of faculty reporting no conflicts
- Check information against CMS databases
- What should raise a red flag?
- High dollar amounts vs frequency of outside activity what is your institution's limit?

# Monitoring Conflicts – Am I getting the whole story?

Example: Dr. A reports \$10,000 in consulting fees with ABC Pharmaceuticals

- Matches what is publicly reported
- Potential conflict of interest?
- Create a management plan?
- $\bullet \ \mbox{High dollar amounts might trigger further investigation}$
- Nature of the relationship between the doctor and the company?

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Monitoring Conflicts – Am I g	getting the
whole story?	

Example: Dr. B reports small payments for meals and travel from several outside medical device companies  $\,$ 

- What is the potential for conflict of interest vs conflict of commitment?
- $\bullet$  Impact to the institution and faculty member's institutional responsibilities
- Management plans can help provide guidelines for what is acceptable outside activity

# Monitoring Conflicts – Am I getting the whole story?

Example: Dr. C reports no conflicts, but public database shows consulting and travel payments to ABC Pharmaceuticals

- $\bullet$  Time to conduct an investigation
- Follow up with the doctor
- Oversight?
- Permitted by institutional leadership?
- Public data incorrectly reported?
- Gather information from other sources

## **Conducting Investigations**

Sometimes the most obvious resources are the best

- Ask the Googles!
- Industry websites
- Dr. C and ABC Pharmaceuticals
  - What do they do?
- How does it relate to Dr. C's research or specialty?
- Has Dr. C spoken on their behalf? Mentioned them in lectures?

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Cond	ucting	Investi	igations

- Doctor's history, research and publications
- What are the recurring themes and how do they relate to outside interests?
- Who has the doctor worked with in the past? How might they be involved?
- Institutional records
- $\bullet$  Is there a record of the doctor being granted permission for the work they're doing?
- Do we have other business agreements in place and how do they relate?

### Reporting

- $\bullet$  Once investigations are concluded, how do you share the information?
- Who is the audience?
- What is the frequency?
- Where at your institution does the management plan "live"?

#### Questions?

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