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Behavioral Health Programs HCCA Boston Regional Compliance Conference September 7, 2018			

### Agenda

Overview of select behavioral health programs:

- -Laws and rules governing behavioral health programs
- -Recent enforcement actions

Inpatient psychiatry hospitalization services:

- -Medicare conditions of payment
- -Potential risks and leading practices
- -Case study
- -Monitoring plans & leading practices

Outpatient psychiatry hospitalization services:

- -General outpatient services
- -Partial hospitalization programs (PHP)
- –Common challenges and leading practices  $% \left( -\right) =\left( -\right) \left( -\right$

Discussion/questions

Appendix: Additional details on Medicare requirements and State-specific requirements

Overview of select behavioral health programs

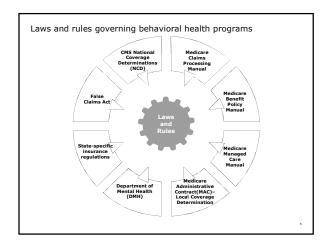
## Select inpatient and outpatient behavioral health programs Outpatient psychiatry services

### General medical and surgical hospitals

Involve office visits with no overnight stay
 Some are based in community mental health centers; others are located in general hospitals where individuals visit an outpatient clinic for an appointment

# General outpatient psychiatric hospital services

- Also called "day programs" but parties a consistency of the parties attend for six or more hours a day, every day, or most days of the week
  Commonly offer group therapy, educational sessions, and individual sessions, and individual sessions, and individual consistence abuse of the parties of the parties



Recent enforcement actions – Inpatient psychiatric facilities Recent CMS approved audit topic for Medicare RACs As of 8<sup>th</sup> September 2017, one of the recent Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) approved audit topics include Inpatient Psychiatric Facility Services - Complex Review. Inpatient hospital services furnished in an inpatient psychiatric facility wilb be reviewed to determine that services were medically reasonable and necessary. Further, Inpatient Psychiatric Facility Outlier Payments were a new addition to the 2017 Office of the Inspector General (IOIS) Workplan.

### Recent enforcement actions – Outpatient psychiatric facilities Medicare compliance review article

# Treatment plans cause denials in Targeted Probe and Educate (TPE) oupatient psych audit

- Outpatient mental health services are a target of TPE across the country
- · To get out of the TPE process, the payment error rate will need to be at or below 15%
- Concerns around treatment plans:

  - Outdated/ missing signatures
     Credentials missing from the electronic

signature

Audit Process

 Initial audit performed by Medicare Administrative Contractor (MAC) on outpatient psychiatric claims sample -

A payment error rate of more than 15%, will result in TPE



Educational call with nurse reviewer from the MAC - opportunity to have a conversation and talk specifically about findings on specific claims.



 Second audit performed on claims 45-55 days after the education calls

# Inpatient psychiatry hospitalization services

Condition of Medicare payment for inpatient psychiatry services

- Conditions of Payment are rules, regulations, or requirements that must be met for a healthcare provider to request and receive reimbursement, lawfully, from a Federal healthcare coverage provider (e.g., Medicare, Medicaid and TRICARE)
- · Failure to comply with a condition of payment can result in a denial of the claim for payment. If the payment has already been made, the amount paid on the claim is considered an overpayment

The following slides outline Medicare Conditions of Payment requirements for the following:

Inpatient services of hospitals other than psychiatric hospitals

Inpatient psychiatric hospitals

# §412.3 Admission orders Requirements: The inpatient admission order must state that the beneficiary should be formally admitted for hospital inpatient care, and must be furnished at or before the time of the inpatient admission by a physician or other qualified practitioner\*. Timing and signature requirement: Verbal/telephone order must identify the ordering practitioner and must be authenticated (countersigned) by the ordering practitioner prior to discharge. If an electronic order was not signed/cosigned by the physician, as applicable, the entire medical record should be reviewed for alternative admit language. tioner" is someone who is licensed; has admitting privileges at the hospital as permitted by State law; is knowledgeable about the patient's edical plan of care, and current condition; and acts in accordance with scope-of-practice laws, hospital policies, and medical staff bylaws, rules hospital course, medical plan of care, and current condition; and acts in accordance with scope-of-practice laws, hospital policies, and medical staff bylaws, nelso and regulations, and regulations. By Staff Regulations of American Staff Regulations (Staff Regulations), Staff Regulations), Staff Regulations, Staff Regulations, Staff Regulations, Conditions for Medical Physical Regulations, Conditions for Medical Physical Regulations, Conditions for Medical Physical Regulations, Physical Regulations, Staff Regulations, Regulations, Conditions for Medical Physical Regulations, Physical Regulations, Physical Regulations, Regulations, Resemblished, Physical Regulations, Re Inpatient psychiatry hospitalization services Non-distinct part units §424.13 Requirements for inpatient services of hospitals other than inpatient psychiatric facilities As a condition of payment for hospital inpatient services under Medicare Part A, **CMS** is requiring, only for long-stay cases and outlier cases, separate physician certification of the medical necessity that such services be provided on an inpatient basis. The signed physician certification is considered, along with other documentation in the medical record, as evidence that hospital inpatient service(s) were reasonable and necessary. Medicare Part A pays for inpatient hospital services (other than inpatient psychiatric facility services) for cases that are 20 inpatient days or more, or are outlier cases only if a physician certifies or recertifies the following: >The reasons for continued hospitalization >The estimated time the patient will need to remain in the hospital >The plans for post hospital care, if appropriate Sources: Code of Federal Regulations, Conditions for Medicare Payment 42 CFR Section 424.13, Parts A and B. Center for Medicare & Medicaid Services, Transmittal 234 Clarification Admission Order and Medicaid Review Requirements, March 10, 2017; Medicare Benefit Policy Manual, Chapter 1 Section 10.2 – Hospital Engalement Admission Order and Certification.

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§424.13 Requirements for inpatient services of hospitals other than inpatient psychiatric facilities (cont'd)	
(b) Timing:	
The certification must be signed and documented no later than 20 days into the hospital stay.	
Signature requirement:	
Certifications must be signed by the physician	
Format:	
As specified in 42 CFR 424.11, no specific procedures or forms are required for certification and recertification statements. The provider may adopt any method that permits verification. The certification and recertification statements may be entered on forms, notes, or records that the appropriate individual signs, or on a special separate	
form. Except as provided for delayed certifications, there must be a separate signed statement for each certification or recertification. If all the required information is included in progress notes, the physician's statement could indicate that the individual's medical record contains the information required and that hospital	
inpatient services are or continue to be medically necessary.	
Sources: Code of Federal Regulations, Conditions for Medicare Ryment 4.2 CHS Section 494.13, Ferm A and 8. Center for Medicare B Medicard Services, Transmitted 234 Courses Code and Reductal Services Requirements, Merch 31, 2017, Medicare Sensiti Policy Researt, Chyder 2 Section 51.2 - Insignite September Admission Order and Centification.	
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Inpatient psychiatry	
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hospitalization services	
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Inpatient psychiatric Facilities – Medicare requirements overview	
Why are inpatient psychiatry requirements different from general	
inpatient requirements?	
The purpose of Inpatient Psychiatric Facility (IPF) Medicare	
Requirements is to help ensure that Medicare pays only for services of the type appropriate for Medicare coverage.	
IPFs are certified under Medicare as inpatient psychiatric hospitals and their documentation/content requirements are different from general inpatient documentation requirements because the care furnished in inpatient	
psychiatric facilities is often purely custodial and thus not covered under	
Medicare.	
For purposes of payment for IPF under Medicare Part A, required conditions of payment requirements (including admission order, certification, recertification(s) (where required)) must be met.	
Medicare Part A pays for inpatient services in an IPF only if a physician certifies and recertifies the need for services consistent with the Medicare requirements for inpatient services of inpatient psychiatric facilities.	
Medical record documentation must support the physician's certification / recertification statement.	
Sources: Code of Federal Regulations, Conditions for Medicare Payment 42 CFR Section 424.14, Parts A – D (Requirements for inpatient services of inpatient psychiatric facilities); Medicare Benefit Policy Manual, Chapter 2, Section 30.2.1 – Certification and Recertification Requirements.	

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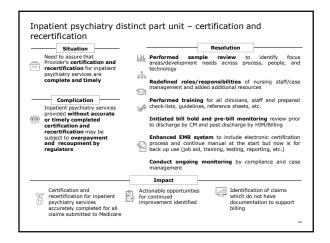
# **§482.61 Condition of participation:** Special medical record requirements for psychiatric hospitals

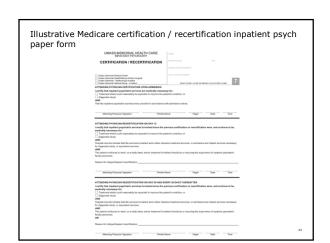
The medical records maintained by a psychiatric hospital **must permit determination of the degree and intensity of the treatment** provided to individuals who are furnished services in the institution.

\$482.61 Conditions of participation: Special medical record requirements for psychiatric hospitals

Assessment-Disposis and active progress and sative progress and satisfaction and satisfaction and satisfaction progress and satisfaction plants and family attacks, and community resource and the circumstances and satisfaction plants and the circumstances and satisfaction progress and satisfaction progress and satisfaction and satisfaction providing, or evaluating the services (printshed.)

# Potential risks and leading practices Potential risks of not meeting conditions of payment and leading practices Leading practices Conduct documentation review to support billing activities (e.g., coverage analysis and billing grid) Potential risks Liability for False Claims and overpayments rests with the provider submitting the claim, so providers must become more familiar with billing guidelines, regulations, and statues **Perform periodic review** of policies & procedures Maintain clear delineation of roles and responsibilities Implement an on-going education plan for all stakeholders Loss of accreditation, certification and federal debarment resulting in Medicare funding loss and patient load decrease Develop and implement an **auditing and monitoring compliance roadmap Diminished reputation** and public relations issues **Difficulty in recruiting** top faculty & students **Case study**





Illustrative Medicare conditions of payment monitoring check-list (Utilized by Case Management for pre-discharge record review)

Patient name
Date of birth
MRN
Primary insurance
Admission date
Discharge date
Length of stay
Variad/ telephone order present (Date, time, ordering provider name, and RN notation)
Valid Order Present - Sign prior to discharge (Date, time, provider signature)
Valid Certification for Psych - Sign prior to discharge (Date, time, provider name and signature)
Valid Recert Present (Jath day, if applicable) - Signed on 12<sup>th</sup> day (Date, time, provider name and signature)
Valid Recert Present (Jath day, if applicable) - Signed on 12<sup>th</sup> day (Date, time, provider name and signature)
Valid Novel Present (Jath day, if applicable) - Signed on 12<sup>th</sup> day (Date, time, provider name and signature)
Valid Involuntary Hospitalization Form - Sign at the time of hospitalization as applicable (Confirm Box G is checked) (Date, time, provider name and signature)
Valid Voluntary Hospitalization Form - Sign at the time of hospitalization as applicable (Confirm Box 4A or 4B is checked) (Date, time, provider name and signature)
Initial Psychiatric Evaluation (Visit date, provider name, signature, date and time; Notes supporting medical necessity and expectations for improvements)

### Monitoring and auditing plan

A continued monitoring and frequent auditing plan will ensure that claims submitted to governmental payors are compliant and will not be subject to denial or recoupment actions.

### Pre-hill

- Reviewing content and timeliness of certification and recertification
- Assessment of documentation for conditions of payment and conditions of participation
- · Training and documentation of training for providers and case management
- Case management's focused review of inpatient stays longer than 12 days for medical necessity and post acute placement

### Post-billing

- Review of paid claims for compliance with payment and medical necessity requirements
- Monitoring of ADR or other audit requests from regulators and appropriate response preparation
- · Continued training for providers and case management staff

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# Outpatient psychiatry hospitalization services

Medicare requirements for outpatient psychiatry services

Medicare Part B (Medical Insurance) helps cover mental health services and visits with these types of health professionals (deductibles and coinsurance may apply):

- Psychiatrist or other doctor (must accept assignment if they participate in Medicare)
- Clinical psychologist
- Clinical social worker
- Clinical nurse specialist
- Nurse practitioner
- · Physician assistant

(Seneral outpatient hospital psychiatric services

Partial hospitalization programs (PHPs)

Sources: Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, Medicare & your mental health benefits, Section 1: Outpatient mental healthcare & professional service

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# General outpatient hospital psychiatric services

General outpatient hospital psychiatric services

Medicare requirements and Covered and non-covered services

The outpatient psychiatric hospital services and supplies must be

- · Medically reasonable and necessary
- Furnished under an  $individualized\ written\ plan\ of\ care\ (POC)$
- · Supervised and periodically evaluated by a physician

### Covered outpatient services

- · Individual and group therapy
- · Occupational therapy
- Services of social workers, trained
   psychiatric nurses, and other staff trained to
   work with psychiatric patients
- Drugs and biologicals
- · Activity therapies
- Family counseling services
- Patient education programs
- Diagnostic services
- Sources: Centers of Medicare & Medicaid Services, Medicare Learning Network, Me Manual. Chapter 6 - Hospital Services Covered Under Part B

### Non-covered services

### Meals and transportation

- Activity therapies, group activities or other services and programs which are primarily recreational or diversional in nature. Outpatient psychiatric day treatment programs that consist entirely of activity therapies are not covered
- "Geriatric day care"
- Psychosocial programs
- Vocational training

General outpatient hospital psychiatric services

### General principles of medical record documentation

- Medical records should be complete and legible
- Documentation of each patient encounter should include:
  - Reason for encounter and relevant history
  - Physical examination findings and prior diagnostic test results
  - $_{\odot}$  Assessment, clinical impression, and diagnosis
  - o Plan for care
  - o Date and legible identity of observer
- If not documented, the rationale for ordering diagnostic and other ancillary services should be easily inferred
- Past and present diagnoses should be accessible for treating and/or consulting physician
- Appropriate health risk factors should be identified
- Patient's progress, response to changes in treatment, and revision of diagnosis should be documented
- **CPT and ICD-9-CM codes** reported on the health insurance claim should be supported by documentation in the medical record

Sources: Centers of Medicare & Medicaid Services, Medicare Learning Network, SE0816, Medicare Payments for Part B Mental Health Services

# **Partial hospitalization** programs Partial hospitalization programs Medicare requirements · Medicare may cover partial hospitalization: If the services are provided to patients as an alternative to inpatient psychiatric care If the treatment is provided during the day and doesn't require and overnight stay Services provided through hospital outpatient department or community mental health center · Services covered: $_{\odot}$ Occupational therapy that's part of the mental health treatment $_{\odot}$ Individual patient training and education about their condition $\cdot$ The following program and patient criteria must be met: o Individual plan of care o Multidisciplinary team approach o Treatment goals o Comprehensive, highly structured and scheduled multimodal treatment o Ability to cognitively and emotionally participate Sources: Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, Medicare & your mental health benefits, Section 1: Outpatient mental healthcare & professional serv Centers of Medicare & Medicaid Services, Medicare Learning Network, SE Partial hospitalization programs Medicare requirements (cont'd) Content requirements: The physician must certify (1)The individual would require inpatient psychiatric care if the partial hospitalization services were not provided (2)The services are or were furnished while the individual was under the care of a physician. (3)The services were furnished under a written plan of treatment Plan of treatment requirements: The plan is an individualized plan that is established and is periodically reviewed by a physician in consultation with appropriate staff participating in the program, and that sets forth—(1)The physician's diagnosis

(1) the physician's diagnosis
(2) The type, amount, duration, and frequency of the services
(3) The treatment goals under the plan
The physician determines the frequency and duration of the services taking into account accepted norms of medical practice and a reasonable expectation of improvement in the patient's condition.

# Partial hospitalization programs Medicare requirements (cont'd) Recertification\* Content requirements: The recertification must indicate that The recertification must indicate that The recertification must indicate that The recertification must specify that the patient would otherwise require inpatient psychiatric care in the absence of continued stay in the partial hospitalization program and describe the following: (1)The patient's response to the therapeutic interventions provided by the partial hospitalization program (2)The patient's psychiatric symptoms that continue to place the patient at risk of hospitalization (3)Treatment goals for coordination of services to facilitate discharge from the partial hospitalization program Timing and signature requirements: (1)The physician recertification must be signed by a physician who is treating the patient and has knowledge of the patient's response to treatment (2)The first recertification is required as of the 18th day of partial hospitalization services. Subsequent re-certifications are required at intervals established by the provider, but no less frequently than every 30 days

# Common challenges and leading practices

Common challenges and leading practices for outpatient psychiatry services

Common challenges

Individual psychotherapy claims may lack documentation to justify the time billed:

1. Individual psychotherapy can be billed as one of three time periods: 20 to 30 minutes, 45 to 50 minutes, 50 T 50 to 30 minutes, 45 to 50 minutes, 50 T 50 to 30 minutes, 45 to 50 minutes, 50 T 50 to 30 minutes, 45 to 50 minutes, 50 minutes, 50 T 50 to 30 minutes, 45 to 50 minutes, 50 minutes, 50 T 50 to 30 minutes, 45 to 50 minutes, 50 minutes, 50 T 50 to 30 minutes, 45 to 50 minutes, 50 minutes, 50 T 50 to 30 minutes, 45 to 50 minutes, 50 minutes, 50 T 50 to 30 minutes, 45 to 50 minutes, 50

# **Discussion/questions** Speaker contact information Wendy C. Chartrand, CHC Privacy Officer & Corporate Compliance Director UMass Memorial HealthAlliance-Clinton Hospital Phone: 978-466-2136 Email: wchartrand@healthalliance.com Kelly J. Sauders, CPA, MBA Partner Deloitte & Touche LLP Phone: Office: 212 436 3180 Email: ksauders@deloitte.com Torrey K. Young, JD, MPH Senior Counsel Foley & Lardner LLP Phone: 617 502 3294 Email: Tyoung@foley.com **Appendix**

# §424.13 Requirements for inpatient services of hospitals other than inpatient psychiatric facilities As a condition of payment for hospital inpatient services under Medicare Part A, according to section 1814(a) of the Social Security Act, CMS is requiring, only for long-stay cases and outlier cases, separate physician certification of the medical necessity that such services be provided on an inpatient basis. The signed physician certification is considered, along with other cases of the control of the cont >The reasons for continued hospitalization - The physician certifies the reasons for either (I) Continued hospitalization of the patient for inpatient medical treatment or medically required inpatient diagnostic study; or (ii) Special or nunsual services for outlier cases under the applicable prospective payment system for inpatient services. For example, documentation of an admitting diagnosis could fulfill this part of the certification requirement >The estimated time the patient will need to remain in the hospital - For the purposes of meeting the requirement for certification, expected or actual length of stay may be documented in the order or a separate certification or recertification form, but it is also acceptable if discussed in the progress notes assessment and plan or as part of routine discharge planning >The plans for post hospital care, if appropriate Sources: Code of Federal Regulations, Conditions for Medicare Payment 42 CFR Section 424.13, Parts A and B. Center for Medicare it Medicaid Services, Transmittal 234 Clarification of Admission Order and Medical Review Requirements, March 10, 2017; Medicare Benefit Policy Manual, Chapter 1 Section 10.2 — Hospital Ingaliers Admission Order and Certification. §424.13 Requirements for inpatient services of hospitals other than inpatient psychiatric facilities (cont'd) (g) Timing: The certification must be signed and documented no later than 20 days into the hospital stay. $\label{eq:continuous}$ Under extenuating circumstances, delayed initial certification or recertification of an outlier case may be acceptable as long as it does not extend past discharge. For all other long stay cases, the certification must be signed and documented no later than 20 days into the inpatient portion of the hospital stay. Signature requirement: Certifications must be signed by the physician (a doctor of medicine or osteopathy) responsible for the case, or by another physician who has knowledge of the case and who is authorized to do so by the responsible physician or by the hospital's medical state. As specified in 42 CFR 424.11, no specific procedures or forms are required for certification and recertification statements. The provider may adopt any method that permits verification. The certification statements may be entered on forms, notes, or records that the appropriate individual signs, or on a special separate form. Except as provided for delayed certifications, there must be a separate signed statement for each certification or recertification. If all the required information is included in progress notes, the physician's statement could indicate that the individual's medical record contains the information required and that hospital inpatient services are or continue to be medically necessary. Sources: Code of Federal Regulations, Conditions for Medicare Payment 42 CFR Section 424.13, Parts A and B. Center for Medicare is Medicaid Services, Transmittal 234 Clarification of Admission Onder and Medical Review Requirements, March 10, 2017; Medicare Benefit Policy Manual, Chapter 1 Section 10.2 – Hospital Impatient Admission Onder and Certification. General outpatient hospital psychiatric services The outpatient psychiatric hospital services and supplies must be • Medically reasonable and necessary for the purpose of diagnostic study or be reasonably expected to improve the patient's condition • Furnished under an individualized written plan of care (POC) that states: $_{\odot}$ The type, amount, frequency, and duration of services to be furnished o The diagnosis o Anticipated goals (except when only a few brief services are furnished) · Supervised and periodically evaluated by a physician who o Prescribes the services $\circ$ Determines the extent to which treatment goals have been reached and whether changes in direction or emphasis are needed o Provides supervision and direction to the therapists involved in the patient's treatment $_{\odot}$ Documents his or her involvement in the patient's medical record For the purpose of diagnostic study or, at a minimum, designed to reduce or control the patient's psychiatric symptoms to prevent a relapse or hospitalization and improve or maintain the patient's level of functioning

icare Learning Network, Mental health services, ICN 903195

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# Partial hospitalization programs Medicare requirements Reasonable expectation of improvement for mental health services: Services furnished under partial hospitalization programs must be for the purpose of diagnostic study or be reasonably expected to improve the patient's condition The treatment must, at a minimum, be designed to reduce or control the patient's psychiatric symptoms so as to prevent relapse or hospitalization and improve or maintain level of functioning Continued treatment in order to maintain a stable psychiatric condition or functional level requires evidence that less intensive treatment options (e.g. intensive outpatient, psychosocial, day treatment, and/or other community supports) cannot provide the level of support necessary to maintain the patient and to prevent hospitalization Summary: Medicare may cover partial hospitalization: If the services are provided to patients as an alternative to inpatient psychiatric care If the treatment is provided during the day and doesn't require and overnight stay Services provided through hospital outpatient department or community mental health center Occupational therapy that's part of the mental health treatment Individual patient training and education about their condition Sources: Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, Medicare & your mental health benefits, Section 1: Outpatient mental healthcare & professional services; Centers of Medicare & Medicare Learning Network, 500816, Medicare Payments for Part 5 Mental Health Services Partial hospitalization programs Medicare requirements (cont'd) In accordance with 42 CFR Parts 410.2 and 410.43, partial hospitalization services for Medicare purposes, means a distinct and organized intensive ambulatory treatment program that offers less than 24-hour daily care and that furnishes services to patients who either: $_{\odot}$ Have been discharged from inpatient hospital treatment, and the PHP is in lieu of continued inpatient treatment; or o Would be at reasonable risk of requiring inpatient hospitalization in the absence of partial hospitalization A PHP, for Medicare purposes, is a program that is furnished by a hospital to its outpatients or by a CMHC that provides partial hospitalization services. The following program and patient criteria must be met: Active treatment is furnished that incorporates an **individual POC** with a coordination of services designed for the needs of the patient Treatment includes a multidisciplinary team approach to care under the direction of a physician who certifies the patient's need for partial hospitalization and for a minimum of 20 hours per week of therapeutic services, as evidenced by the POC o **Treatment goals** should be measureable, functional, time-framed, medically necessary and directly related to reason of admission The patient requires comprehensive, highly structured and scheduled multimodal treatment that requires medical supervision and coordination under an individualized POC because of a mental disorder that severely interfers with multiple areas of daily life (social, vocational, activities of daily living (ADL)/ instrumental ADLs, and/or educational functioning) The patient is able to cognitively and emotionally participate in the active treatment process and is capable of tolerating the intensity of a PHP **State-specific requirements**

### Local coverage determination

### Massachusetts

In addition to Federal requirements, there may be state-specific regulations or guidelines that are covered by Local Coverage Determinations (LCD) for a given MAC jurisdiction. National Government Services, Inc. (NGS) has published LCDs for both inpatient and outpatient psychiatric services

### Inpatient psych (LCD L33624)

### Certification and recertification requirements:

- personnel itial psychiatric evaluation: The initial psychiatric evaluation with medical history and physical examination should be performed within 24 hours of admission, but in no case later than 60 hours of admission
- This individualized, comprehensive, outcome-oriented plan of treatment should be developed within the first 3 program days after admission days after admission

  Physician progress notes should be recorded at each
  patient encounter and contain patient history, changes in
  signs and symptoms, and results of any diagnostic testing,
  plans for continued treat or discharge

"Improvement" in this context is measured by comparing the effect of continuing treatment versus discontinuing it

necessary

Frequency and duration of Services: no specific limits on the length of time that services may be covered. As long as the evidence shows that the patient continues to show improvement in accordance with higher individualized treatment plan, and the frequency of services is within accepted norms of medical practice, coverage may be continued

Hospital outpatient psychiatric services must be: incident to a physician's service, and reasonable and necessary for the diagnosis or treatment of the patient's condition

diagnosis or treatment of the patient's condition.

Coverage criteria.

Exception for individualized treatment plans A plan is not required if only afee bind services will be furnished.

Reasonable expectation of improvement: Services must be expected to improve condition, reduce or control psychiatric or maintain level of functioning, or avoid further deterioration/ hospitalization.

rces: Centers of Medicare & Medicaid Services, Local Coverage Determinati erage Determination (LCD): Psychiatry and psychology services (L33632)

### Voluntary and involuntary forms

### Massachusetts

Voluntary and involuntary examination and commitment forms are also usually governed by state rules and regulations. In Massachusetts, M.G.L. Sections 10, 11 and 12 govern voluntary and involuntary admissions

The superintendent may receive and retain on a voluntary basis any person providing the person is in need of care and treatment and providing the admitting facility is suitable for The application may be made: • Description of the present on the present of t

by a parent of yearuser to a person under his guardianship.
 by a parent of year of the parent p



Restraint of a person who is likely to create serious harm by reason of mental illness for a three-day period at a public facility or a private facility authorized for such purpose by the department.

Restrain can be authorized by:

Any physician who is licensed to the control of the contro

health professionals

Requirement for prior examination:

If an examination is not possible because of the emergency nature of the case and becau
of the refusal of the person to consent to such examination, the person may still be
hospitalized based on facts and circumstances

The refusal of the person to consent, consent on exit to ext. Open 13, Sente 18, 12, 12

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