

### Telehealth: 2018 Legal & Compliance Issues

Christopher W. David, CPA/ABV/ASA Thomas (T.J.) Ferrante, Esq. October 5, 2018

### Your Speakers





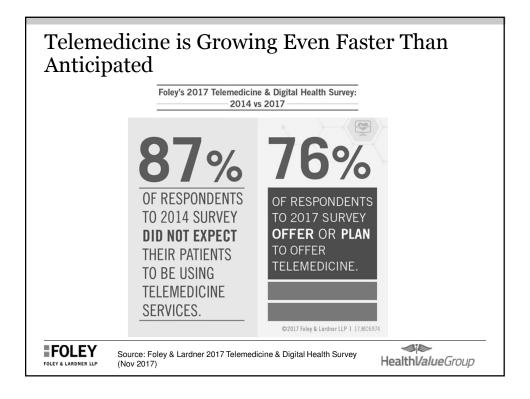


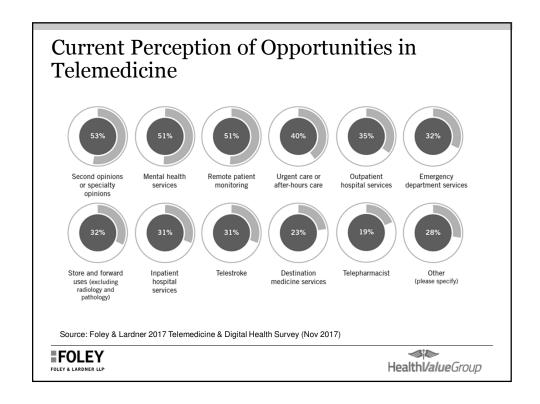




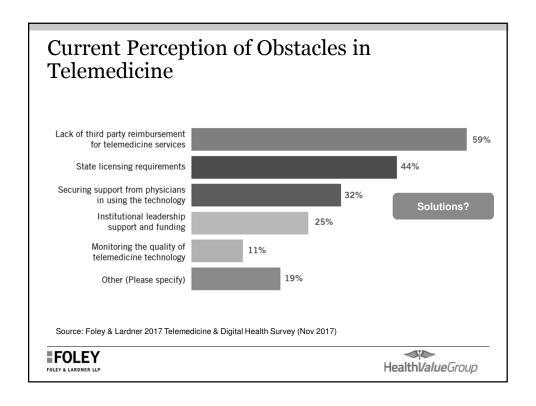


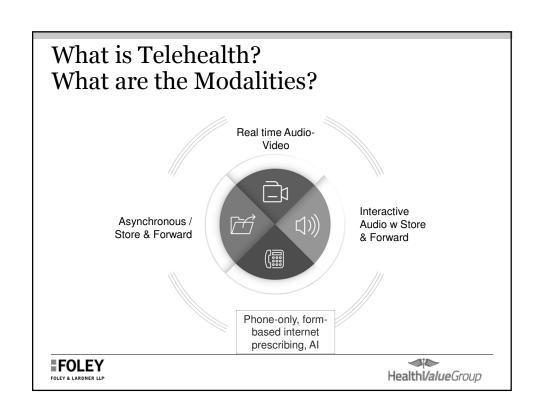






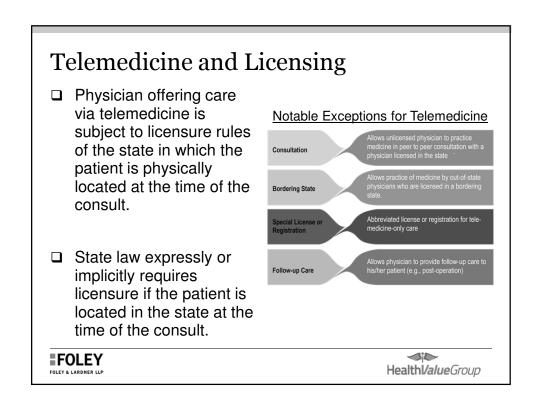




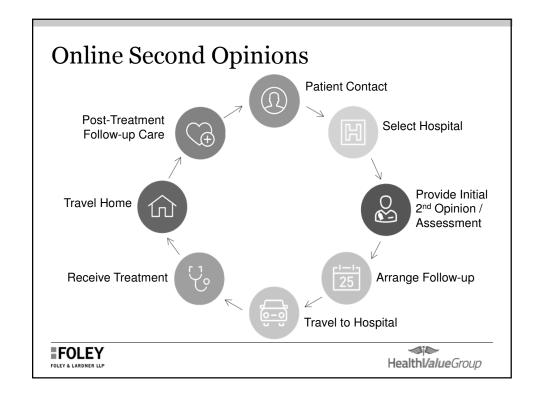




# Telehealth and Licensing







### Pennsylvania Consultation Exception

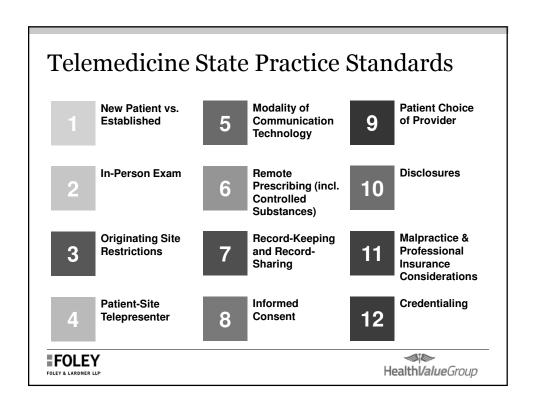
□ A person authorized to practice medicine or surgery or osteopathy without restriction by any other state may, upon request by a medical doctor, provide consultation to the medical doctor regarding the treatment of a patient under the care of the medical doctor. 63 Pa. Stat. § 422.16

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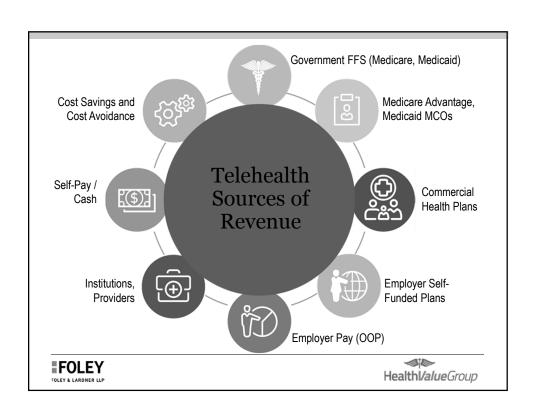


# Telehealth Practice Standards





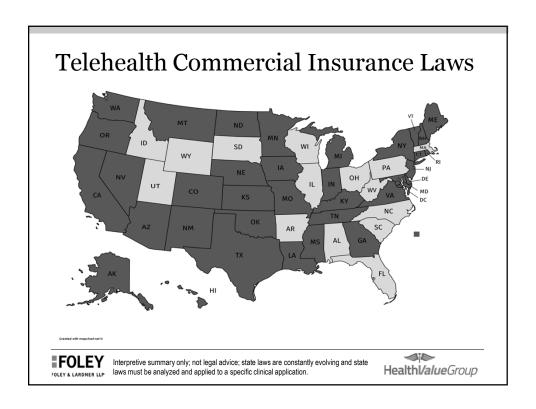
## Telehealth Payment and Reimbursement

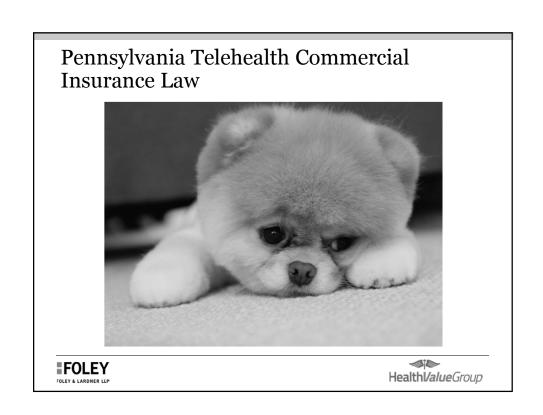


### Slide 14

Can we find images to replace the text? Reith, Shannon E, 2/24/2017 RSE1









### Telehealth and Medicare

- 1. Patient in a qualifying rural area
- 2. Patient at one of eight qualifying facilities ("originating site")
- 3. Service provided by one of ten eligible professionals ("distant site practitioner")
- 4. Technology is real-time audio-video (interactive audio and video telecommunications system that permits real-time communication between the beneficiary and the distant site provider)
- 5. The service is among the list of CPT/HCPCS codes covered by Medicare





### Medicare Telehealth Payment Policy Changes for 2019 and Beyond

**Bipartisan Budget Act of 2018** introduced some of "the most significant changes ever made to Medicare law to use telehealth," per Senator Brian Schatz, a longtime sponsor and proponent of federal telehealth legislation.

- 1. Expands stroke telemedicine coverage beyond rural areas (2019)
- Expands telehealth coverage to homes and independent renal dialysis facilities (2019)
- 3. Allows providers to give free at-home telehealth technology/equipment to dialysis patients if certain requirements are met (2019)
- Allows Medicare Advantage plans to include delivery of telehealth services in a plan's basic benefits (2020)
- Eliminates rural restrictions and adds patient home as a qualifying originating site for certain Accountable Care Organizations (2020)

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### Proposed New Virtual Care Codes

- □ Virtual Check-Ins (HCPCS GVCI1): Reimburses (\$14/visit) virtual care services between visits to determine whether a patient's condition requires an office visit.
- □ Review of Images or Video (HCPCS GRAS1): Reimburses for a provider's asynchronous review of "recorded video and/or images captured by a patient in order to evaluate the patient's condition" and to determine whether the patient requires an inperson office visit.
- □ Provider-to-Provider Consultation (994X6, 994X0, 99446, 99447, 99448 and 94449): Reimburses for peer-to-peer internet consultations.

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### **Remote Patient Monitoring**

- Currently, there is a separate reimbursement for Remote Patient Monitoring (CPT code 99091).
- CMS has proposed New Chronic Care Remote Physiologic Monitoring Codes:
  - If approved, these codes would go into effect on January 1, 2019.

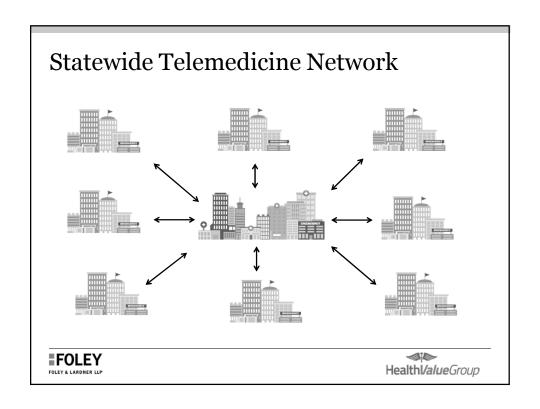
- Proposed Codes:
  - CPT code 990X0: "Remote monitoring of physiologic parameter(s) (e.g., weight, blood pressure, pulse oximetry, respiratory flow rate), initial; set-up and patient education on use of equipment."
  - CPT code 990X1: "Remote monitoring of physiologic parameter(s) (e.g., weight, blood pressure, pulse oximetry, respiratory flow rate), initial; device(s) supply with daily recording(s) or programmed alert(s) transmission, each 30 days."
  - CPT code 994X9: "Remote physiologic monitoring treatment management services, 20 minutes or more of clinical staff/physician/other qualified healthcare professional time in a calendar month requiring interactive communication with the patient/caregiver during the month."

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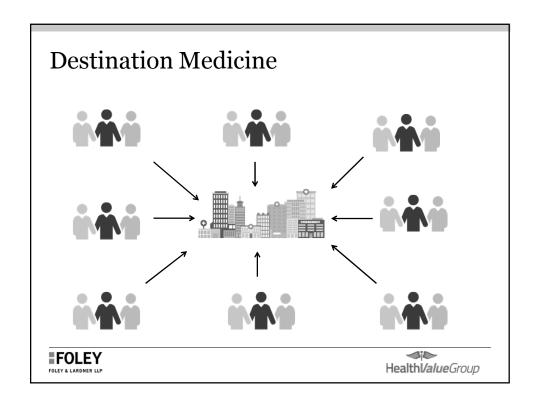
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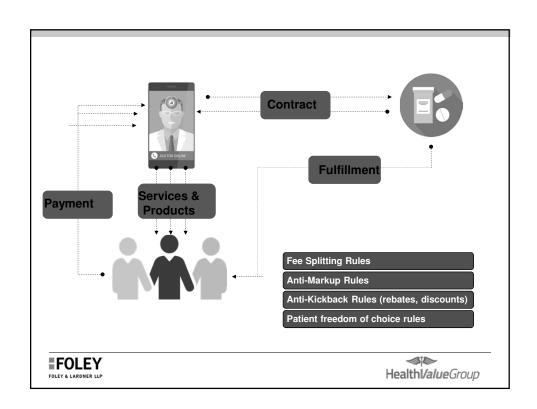


# Real World Applications











Hot Issues in Medicare	e Telehealth Compliance
<ul> <li>□ Qualifying rural area</li> <li>□ Qualifying originating site</li> <li>□ Eligible modality</li> <li>□ Overseas providers</li> <li>□ Distant site billing for orig. site facility fee</li> <li>□ Reassignment to originating site</li> <li>□ Institutional billing</li> <li>□ Charging beneficiaries out of pocket for telehealth services</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>□ Telehealth vs non-face-to-face services</li> <li>□ Telehealth admitting physician</li> <li>□ Incident to billing</li> <li>□ Global surgical period and postop, follow-up care</li> <li>□ G code and consultations</li> <li>□ Telemedicine and EMTALA</li> <li>□ Conditions of Participation vs. Conditions for Payment</li> </ul>
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### Regulatory Landscape Compensation arrangements between healthcare facilities and physicians most likely implicate the: Stark Law Anti-Kickback Statute Internal Revenue Code 501(c)(3) Requiring the arrangements to have terms that are consistent with Fair Market Value (FMV) and be commercially reasonable (CR).

<ul> <li>□ Physician-to-Physician</li> <li>□ Institution-to-Institution</li> <li>□ Specialist-to-Institution</li> <li>□ Intra-Organization</li> </ul>	
<ul><li>□ Direct-to-Consumer</li><li>□ Remote Patient Monitoring (RPM)</li></ul>	



### Stark Law

Prohibits physicians from referring designated health services (DHS) covered by Medicare or Medicaid to entities with which the physicians or an immediate family member have a financial relationship, <u>unless</u> a specific exception applies. 42 U.S.C. § 1395nn(a)(1).

	"Physician	self-re	ferral	law'
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Intended to eliminate any financial motive to refer patients
for unnecessary testing





### Stark Law

□ Approximately 30 exceptions

Most common exceptions in Telehealth include:

- Bona fide employment arrangements
- Space rentals
- Equipment rentals
- Personal service arrangements
- □ Physician recruitment
- □ Fair market value compensation

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## Stark Law Each exception carries its own specific requirements Most Common Requirements: Must have written agreement Must be Fair Market Value (FMV) Payment must not consider the value and volume of referrals Must be commercially reasonable (CR)

### Anti-Kickback Statute

Known as the *Fraud & Abuse Statute*, makes it a crime to pay, offer, solicit, or receive remuneration, directly or indirectly, to induce referrals or services of Medicare or Medicaid business unless a safe harbor applies.

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### Anti-Kickback Statute – Common Safe Harbors in Telehealth

- □ Space rental
- Equipment rental
- □ Personal Services and Management Contracts
- □ Payments to bona fide employees

These need to be transacted at FMV



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### **Non-Profit Organizations**

- □ Lose IRC 501(c)(3) status if payments are not FMV
- □ IRC 501(c)(3) grants a tax exemption to nonprofits only if "no part of the net earnings of the organization inure to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual"

Therefore, physician-health system telehealth arrangements need to be transacted at FMV.

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### The Need for FMV & CR Compliance

Any exchange of value with healthcare providers receiving payment under federally funded programs and/or between nonprofits and others may require a FMV and CR determination. These transactions may include:

- Joint venture arrangements
- Pmts to physicians for clinical & admin svcs
- Business acquisitions or disposition
- Multitude of telehealth models and structures





### Fair Market Value Defined

Fair Market Value is defined by the *Stark Law* as the "value in arm's length transactions, consistent with the <u>general market value</u>." (42 USC; Sec 1395nn)

The federal regulations have interpreted "general market value" to refer to the compensation that would be included in a service agreement between well-informed parties to the agreement who are not otherwise in a position to generate business for the other party, at the time of the service agreement.

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### **Commercial Reasonableness**

- Often taken for granted
- ☐ Multiple sources for definition of CR (all basically mean the same)
  - > CMS
  - Stark Law
  - > OIG
- □ Fundamentals:
  - > Would you do the deal in the absence of referrals?
  - > Reasonable and necessary services?
  - Commercial sense (look at qualitative and quantitative factors) ?
  - > A prudent and sensible business agreement?
- Requires input from attorney, appraiser and MOST OF ALL management





### Designing a Compliant Telehealth Program

- Step 1: Design a structure or arrangement that meets clinical goals and objectives
- Step 2: Review or analyze reimbursements and payment arrangements
  - Which facility or provider bills and collects?
  - Who will pay for the technology?
- Step 3: Clearly determine scope of arrangement
  - □ Schedule of providers (number of providers and rotation)
  - Response time and availability (regular hours, weekends, nights, etc)
  - ☐ Setup services integrating providers into EHR system
  - □ Technology purchased or leased?
  - □ Participation in quality incentive program?
  - Medical director?





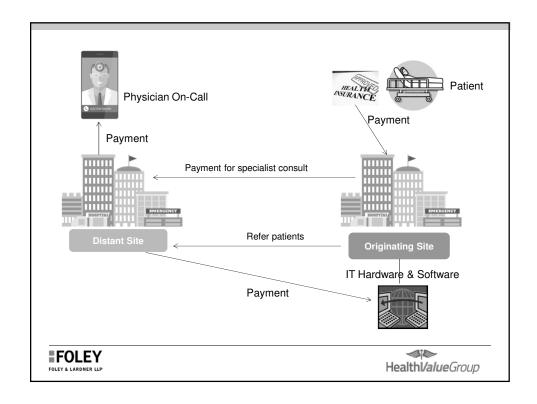
### **FMV Factors & Considerations**

Identify for the appraiser:

- □ Specialty type
- Types of providers
- ☐ Hours of availability and response time (scheduled apt or ER)
- ☐ Expected frequency (i.e. number of telestroke consults per month)
- ☐ Levels of care live video patient assessment; store-and-forward patient evaluation or remote monitoring
- ☐ Reimbursement specifics what's allowed; who bills & collects, payer mix, insurance type, etc..
- □ Additional setup expenses for technology, EHR, hardware and software needs, software licenses









### **Final Points**

- □ Structure the entire telehealth model before assessing for FMV.
- ☐ Work with your attorney to identify all flows of payments and which ones need to be vetted for FMV.
- ☐ On-Call survey data may not be appropriate for an on-call provider in a telehealth model (look at the burden).
- ☐ Be prepared to provide the appraiser all the details and the full scope of the telehealth arrangement.
- □ Don't view each payment in a vacuum.





### **Speakers Contact Info**

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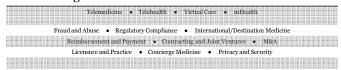
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