

Fraud, Compliance, and Telehealth

Brian Martens *ASAC, HHS-OIG*

Su Kim

Operations Officer, HHS-OIG

Thomas (T.J.) Ferrante, Esq., Senior Counsel, Foley & Lardner

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Your Panelists

Su Kim Operations Officer HHS-OIG Brian Martens Assistant Special Agent in Charge HHS-OIG Thomas (T.J.) Ferrante Senior Counsel Foley & Lardner









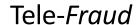
OIG: Scams & Trends

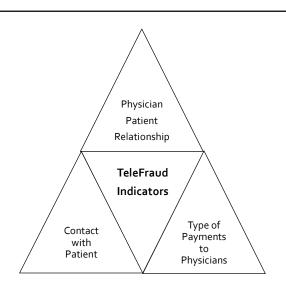
What is Tele-Health compared to Tele-Fraud?

- What is the Brace Scam?
- What is the Genetic Testing Scam?
- What are some current fraud schemes we are seeing?

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Agenda





- Does the physician on the claim have a relationship with the patient?
- Did the patient ask to be contacted for this type of supply or service?
- Is the physician being paid by a provider or some other non-healthcare entity?

Recent DOJ Press Releases

Federal Indictments & Law Enforcement Actions in One of the Largest Health Care Fraud Schemes Involving Telemedicine and Durable Medical Equipment Marketing Executives Results in Charges Against 24 Individuals Responsible for Over \$1.2 Billion in Losses

- South Carolina U.S. Attorney Announces Operation Dismantling One of the Largest Medicare Fraud Schemes in History
- Federal Health Care Fraud Takedown in Northeastern U.S. Results in Charges Against 48 Individuals

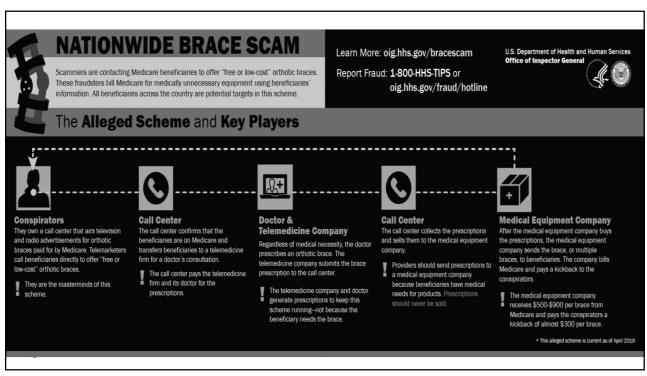
1/29/2020

Brace Scam

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Recent DOJ Press Releases

- Florida-Based Doctor Charged with Fraudulently Ordering Genetic Tests
- Federal Law Enforcement Action Involving Fraudulent Genetic Testing Results in Charges Against 35 Individuals Responsible for Over \$2.1 Billion in Losses in One of the Largest Health Care Fraud Schemes Ever Charged.
- Genetic Testing Company and Three Principals Agree to Pay \$42.6 Million to Resolve Kickback and Medical Necessity Claims.

1/29/2020

Genetic

Testing Scam

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The Medicare Part B program excludes from coverage diagnostic tests, which include genetic tests, "that are not reasonable and necessary ... [for the diagnosis or treatment of illness or injury or to improve the functioning of a malformed body member." 42 C.F.R. 411.15(k)(l). In order to be considered "reasonable and necessary,!" Medicare rules require that genetic testing "must be ordered by the physician who is treating the beneficiary, that is, the physician who furnishes a consultation or treats a beneficiary for a specific medical problem and who uses the results in the management of the beneficiary's specific medical problem." 42 C.F.R. 410.32(a). "Tests not ordered by the physician who is treating the beneficiary are not reasonable and necessary."

Genetic Testing Scammers are offering Medicare beneficiaries "free" genetic testing or cheek swabs in order to obtain beneficiaries' personal information for fraudulent purposes. Recruiter The recruiter (who may also be called a marketer or telemarketer), targets the beneficiary to take a genetic test in person or by mail. **Genetic Testing** Doctor The doctor orders a test for the beneficiary even if it's not medically necessary. The doctor gets a kickback from the recruiter for ordering the test. Lab The lab runs the test and receives the reimbursement payment from Medicare. The lab shares the proceeds of that payment with the recruiter. The alleged scheme is current as of September 2019. Learn More: oig.hhs.gov/geneticscam Report Fraud: 1-800-HHS-TIPS or oig.hhs.gov/fraud/hotline U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Office of Inspector General

Protecting Patients

Identity Theft

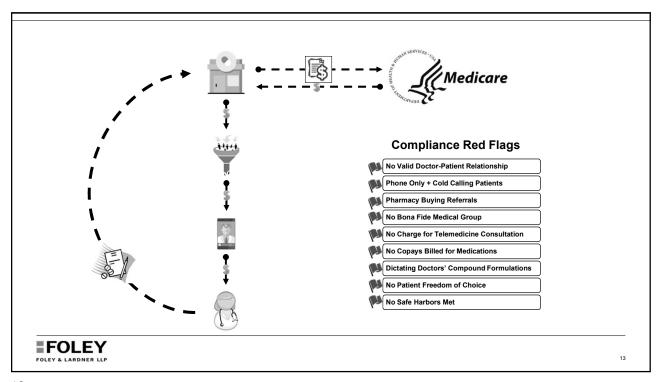
from

- Once compromised patient information may end up being sold on a lead list.
- Protecting Seniors
 - New Medicare Cards
 - Medicare Beneficiary Identifiers (MBIs)
 - If lost, stolen, or compromised Call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users can call 1-877-486-2048. There might be a problem that needs to be corrected, like updating your mailing address.

Pharmacy Fraud DME Orthotics Genetic Testing Identity Theft Footbaths Excluded Individuals Schemes Moving to Medicare Advantage

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BEST PRACTICES FOR TELEHEALTH FRAUD & ABUSE COMPLIANCE



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OIG Audit Reports

2018 Telehealth Medicare Audit

- 100 Claims without both originating and distant site claims (31% error rate)
- Three OIG recommendations:

 Conduct periodic post-payment reviews to disallow payments for errors for which telehealth claim edits
 - cannot be implemented;
 Work with Medicare contractors to implement all telehealth claim edits listed in the Medicare Claims
 Processing Manual; and
 - Offer education and training sessions to practitioners on Medicare telehealth requirements and related

2019 NY Telehealth Audit

- Random sample of 130 beneficiaries (determined 6 ineligible and 14 without documentation)
 OIG Recommended NY tighten its procedures for determining Medicaid eligibility

2019 Telehealth Behavioral Health Medicaid Managed Care Audit

- Will analyze how selected states and MCOs use telehealth to provide behavioral healthcare Will review monitoring and oversight
- Will identify states' and MCOs' practices on how to maximize the benefits and minimize the risks of providing behavioral healthcare via telehealth Expected to conclude in 2020



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Newly-Proposed Fraud and Abuse Waivers

- Incentives for Patient Engagement and Preventative Tools, Items, and Services
- Waivers of Patient Co-Payments for CCM and RPM Services
- Safe Harbor for End Stage Renal Disease Telehealth Technology





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Hot Issues in Medicare Telehealth Compliance

- □Qualifying rural area
- □ Qualifying originating site
- □ Eligible modality
- □ Overseas providers
- □ Distant site billing for orig. site facility fee
- □Reassignment to originating site
- □ Charging beneficiaries out of pocket for telehealth services

- ☐ Telehealth vs non-face-to-face services
- □ Telehealth admitting physician
- □ Incident to billing
- □ Global surgical period and postop, follow-up care
- □ G code and consultations
- □ Telemedicine and EMTALA
- □ Conditions of Participation vs. Conditions for Payment



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General Compliance – Best Practices

- Proper physician-patient relationship
- Prudent marketing practices
- Legitimate medically necessary services
- Adherence to state practice standards
- Claims, coding, billing education (Medicare, Medicaid AND commercial)
- Consider application of Stark and Antikickback statute (even if contracted services not billed to federal programs)





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Beyond In-Person Exams

Federal

- · Anti-Kickback Statute
- Physician Self-Referral
- · Civil Monetary Penalty Law
- Payer Rules
- HIPAA
- FTC, FDA, DEA

State

- Patient Brokering Acts
- · Fee-Splitting Laws
- · Self-Referral Laws
- Corporate Practice of Medicine
- eCommerce
- · Insurance Laws
- Supervision of NPPs
- Privacy & Security
- Medical Advertising

Privacy, Security, eCommerce

- HIPAA and HITECH
- · State privacy laws
- Website or App Terms of Use and Privacy Policy
- · E-Commerce Considerations
- FTC Considerations
- ADA accessibility and disclosures

International

- Foreign Corrupt Practices Act
- US Export Control Laws
- US Anti-Terrorism Laws
- US Anti-Boycott Laws
- · International Corporate Laws and Tax
- Data protection; data ownership; data sharing
- · Intellectual Property



Contact Information

Brian Martens

Assistant Special Agent in Charge HHS-OIG

brian.martens@oig.hhs.gov

Su Kim

Operations Officer
OIG
Su.Kim@oig.hhs.gov

Thomas (T.J.) Ferrante, JD

Senior Counsel
Foley & Lardner LLP
tferrante@foley.com
813.225.4148



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Question and Answer

Thank you!

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