Research Billing Audits: It's (almost) all in the planning?

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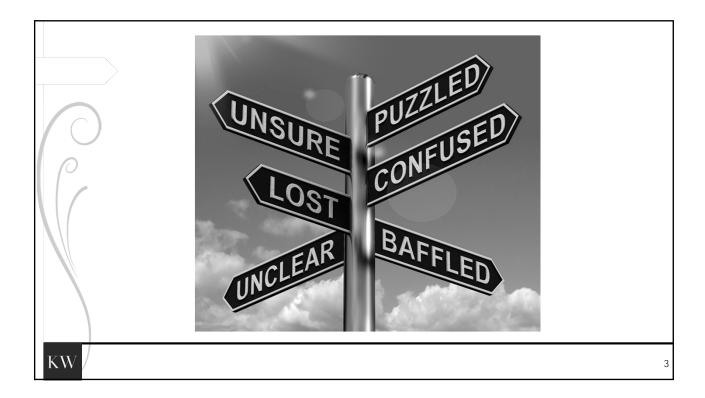
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Disclaimer

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- No legal advice is provided.
- ▶ Please seek legal representation to have your questions clarified or discussed.
- ■The information, thoughts and opinions provided here are not legal advice: consult your institution's legal, compliance and other appropriate leaders and, at their discretion, your local Medicare Administrative Contractor (MAC), for any specific billing questions or issues

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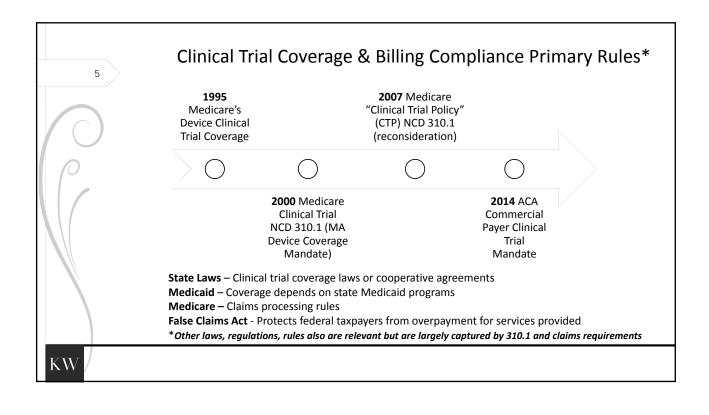


Objectives

- ■Understand how to **plan and prepare** to perform a research billing audit including **document concordance** review processes
- **Review claims** against the coverage analysis and the billing rules including Medicare Advantage
- ■Identify useful data to capture during a research billing audit for analysis, calculating error rates, overpayments, and underpayments

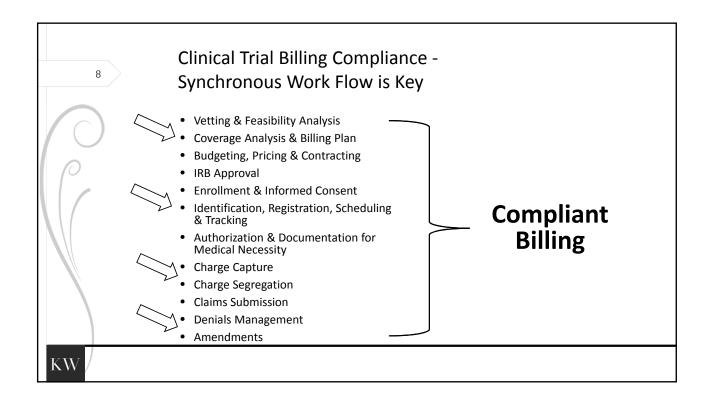
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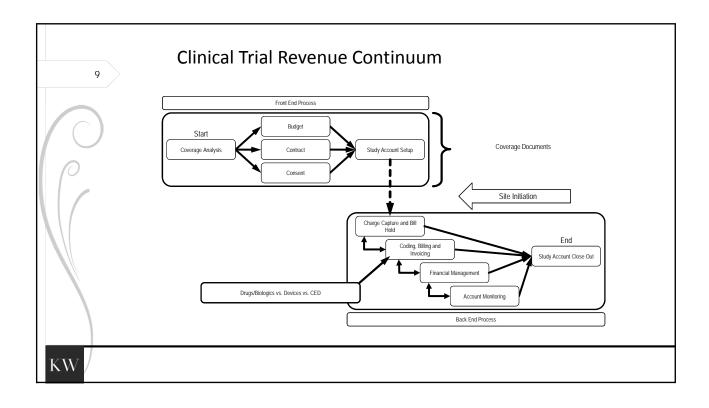
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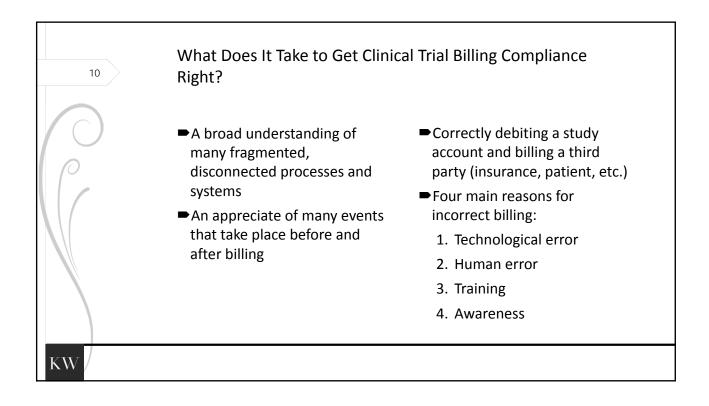


Foundation of Clinical Trial Coverage • Medicare – "Clinical Trial Policy" National Coverage Determination 310.1 • Medicare may cover the routine costs of qualifying clinical trials, if the routine costs are: • NOT paid for by the sponsor • NOT promised free in the informed consent form • Covered by Medicare • Routine costs: • Conventional care • Detection, prevention, & treatment of complications • Administration of investigational item • All other Medicare rules apply! Industry Standard: Coverage determined through a Coverage Analysis (CA)!

7	EXAMF	PLE: (Cover	age	Ana	aly	sis Billir	ng Grid
	Protocol related tests and procedures	Range of CPT/ HCPCS Codes	Pre-Procedure	Procedure	Post Procedure	1 Month	Unscheduled Repeat Angio/Revascularization	
P	Physical Exam (E&M)	99201-99205; 99211-99215; 99218-99226; G0463	Q1		Q1	Test and	l Services M	IDE Guidelines allow for the coverage of routine cost of conventional care. E&M visit at workup appears reasonable and necessary, prior to angioplasty procedure to establish patient's health/condition. The ACC/ANA guidelines recommend periodic follow-up after surgery for caudication. Follow-up consists of "Periodic clinical evaluations" that should note any return or progression of symptoms of claudication Circulation. 2005;113(11):e463. If repeat Angio or revascularization is necessary, it is assumed it would be clinically indicated. Medical records must document medical necessity.
	Duplex Ultrasound	93925-93926			s			DUS may be captured anytime 0-6 weeks post procedure. Per Exhibit B of the Executed CTA, sponsor to pay
	Resting ABI	93922-93923	QI		Q1	Q1	м	IDG Guidelines allow for the coverage of routine cost of conventional care. ABI at workup appears reasonable and necessary prior to angioplastly procedure for measurement of the severity of disease. The ACC/AltA guidelines recommend periodic follow-up after surgery for claudication. Follow-up consists of periodic clinical evaluations that should include measurement of the ankle- brachial pressure index (ABI). Circulation. 2006;131(1):e86. If repeat Anglo or reveasuriaritation is necessary, it is assumed it would be clinically indicated. Medical records to document medical necessity.
	Balloon Angioplasty	37220-37235; 75962, C1725, C1769, 75964, 36247, 35470, 35476; 36248,		Q1			м	Repeat angioplasty or bypass surgery can be used to treat in-stent restenosis and is recommend by the ACC per Circulation. 2002; 159: 2586-2587. MAC approval required for the study including the angioplasty. Prior authorization would be required for non-Medicare patients. Medical records must document medical necessity.
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Areas to watch in research billing and finance · Inadequate financial accounting Research subjects not identified September 30, 2013 Document non-concordance: Protocol, Coverage Analysis, Budget, Contract, ICF **Emory Settles FCA Case, Cites** Challenges of Billing for Trials Charge capture/billing for research Simmering tensions over the sharing of revenues from clinical trials set in motion a series of events that related services and routine costs, study drugs and devices ultimately led to Emory University's recent \$1.5 million ultimately led to Emory University's recent \$1.3 million False Claims Act settlement. That's the picture painted by an unsealed whistleblower complaint filed in December 2009 by a former Emory employee. No monitoring of billing inquiries Poor budget process, lack of proper accounting and invoicing to Sponsors Accused of improperly billing Medicare, Medicaid Accused or improperty variants are accusated and TRICARE for services that should have been reimand IRA_ARE for services that should have been reinf-bursed by the sponsors of cancer and other studies, Emo-ry acknowledged only that "billing errors occurred." Claims lack proper research coding: dx, modifiers, CCs, and NCT # on claim Exhausted to the state of the s Whisteblower Elizabeth Elliott Worked for Ellioty for a relatively short time; she was a clinical research finance manager at Emory's Office of Clinical Research Charge segregation occurring between research and payer or Medicare and Medicare Advantage Communication on denials management not thorough or lack of attention to detail KW

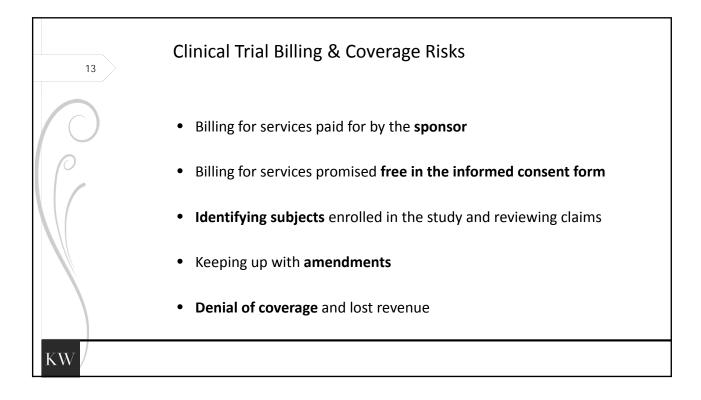
Research billing audit goals

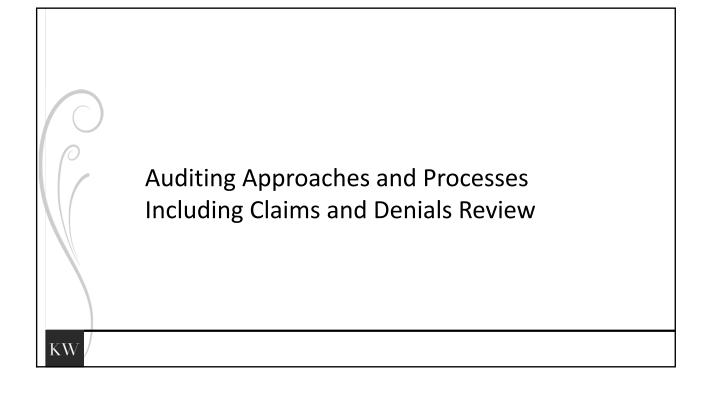
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Although there are many nuances, and scope depends upon specific institutional goals, in a nutshell:

- Identify system or human error in research billing
- Make repayments if overpayments are found, following required timelines
- Identify underpayments and invoice/bill as possible
- Correct process errors or gaps
- Educate users as applicable
- Conduct follow-up review to assure sufficient remediation
- Document quality assurance diligence

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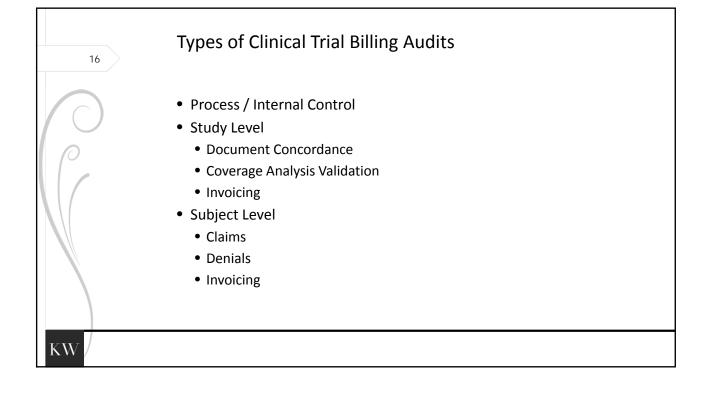
Before Audit can be Planned, Identify Standards

• Audits are designed to track and evaluate existing processes and their results

• In order to identify audit scope, need to have evaluated the potential failure of existing process(es) to provide intended results: risk assessment of entire process

• In order to evaluate existing processes, need to compare to minimum necessary to achieve compliance assurance: regulations, other external requirements, and organizational policies

What does clinical research billing compliance assurance require?



Stakeholders and auditors, internal and external

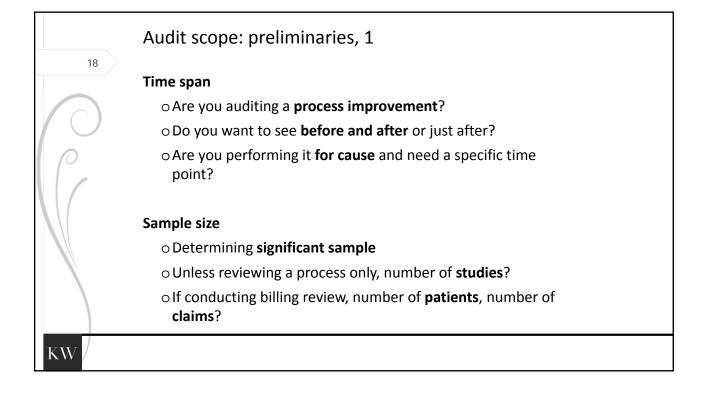
ODepends upon the content scope

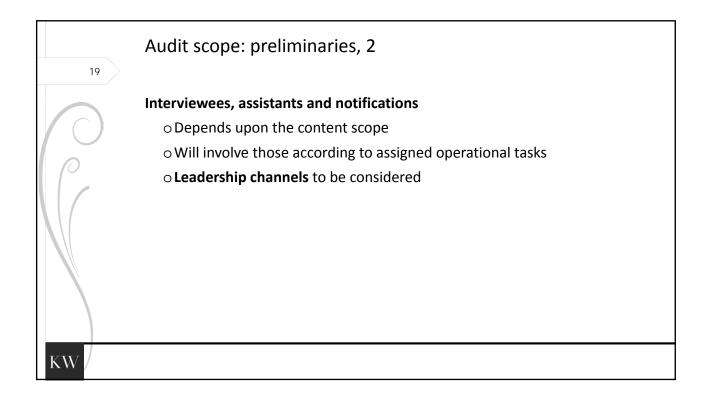
OSkill set to be parallel to content: e.g., denials review requires person with denials experience

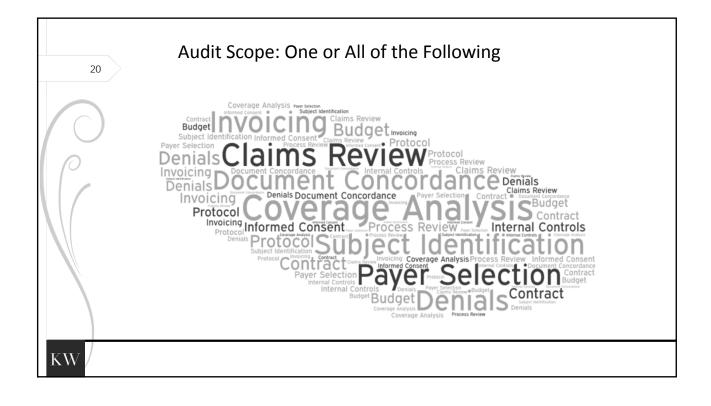
ODo internal audit or compliance departments have authority?

Ols Office of General Counsel to be consulted?

ODecision to go external may be related to risk assessment results







Audit scope: one or all of the following, 1

Coverage analysis

Is the coverage analysis concordant with study documents?
(protocol, ICF, budget, contract, coverage analysis)

Does the study qualify for billing?

Do the justifications support billing the subject's insurance?

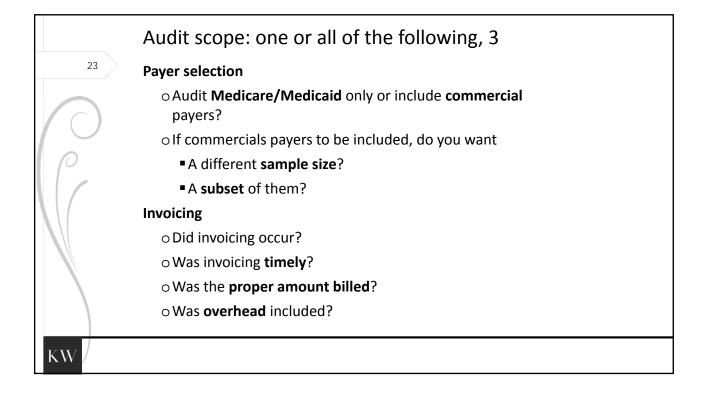
Were all costs included?

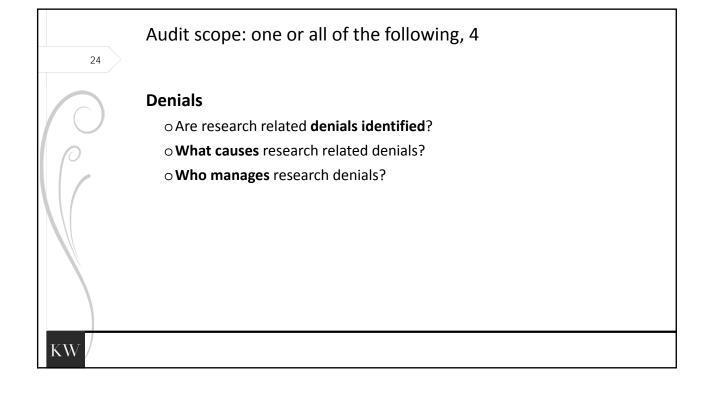
Document concordance

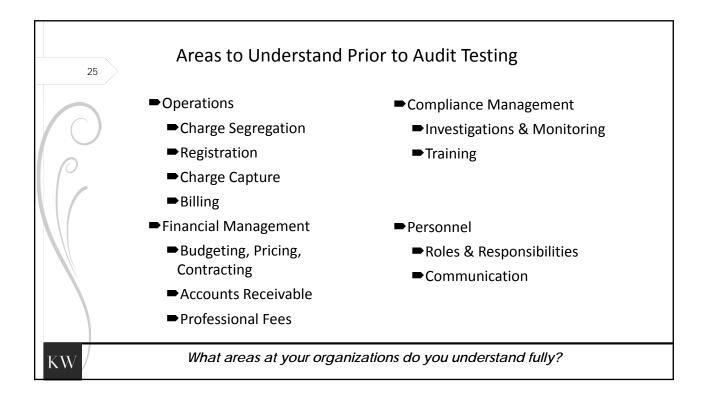
Are all study documents concordant? (protocol, ICF, budget, contract, coverage analysis)

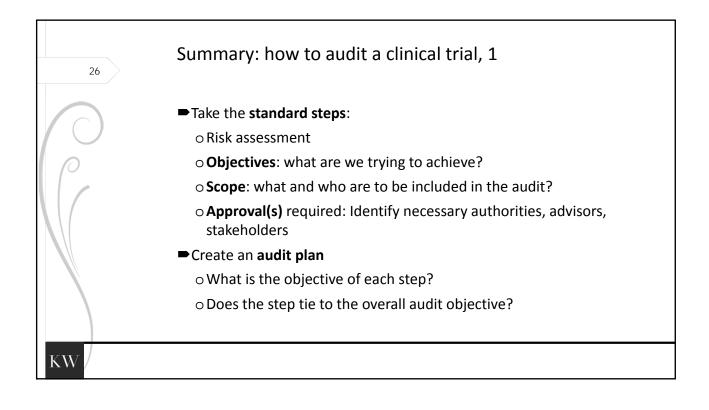
Do study documents contain clear language?

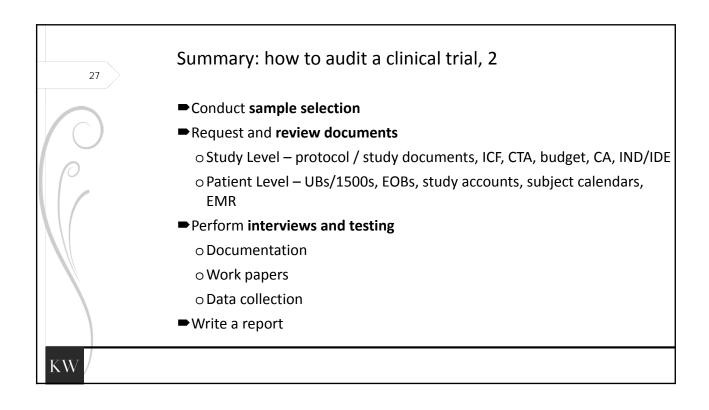
Audit scope: one or all of the following, 2 Subject identification Are the subjects identified "flagged" in the systems? Was the "flag" applied timely? Claims review Did the claim go to the appropriate payer? (Medicare, Medicare Advantage, Sponsor, Commercial Insurance, etc.) Does the claim contain correct coding? (Z00.6, Q1, Q0, CC30, IDE#, Rev Code 256/624, NCT#, etc.) Does the medical record documentation support medical necessity?

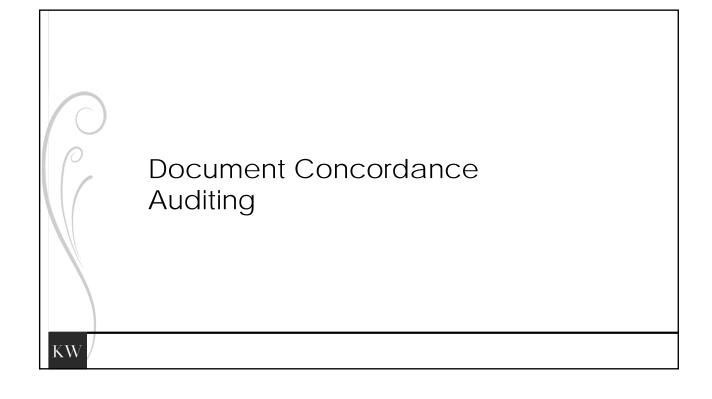


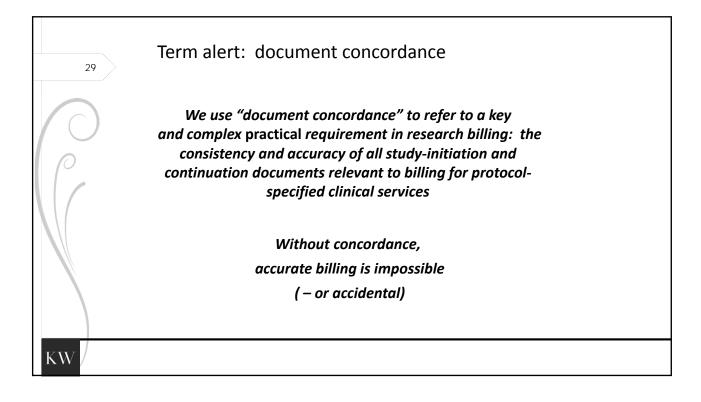


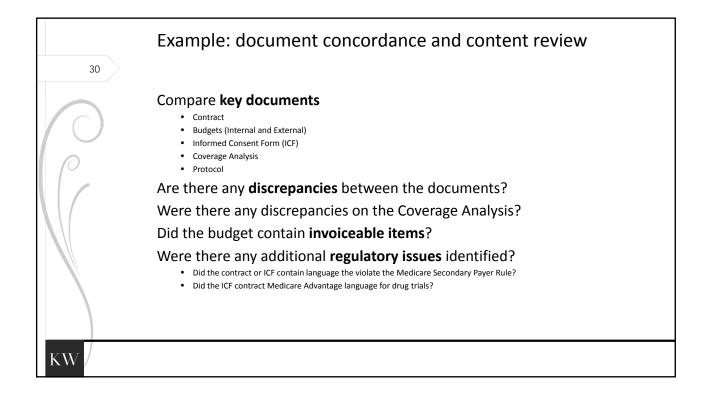










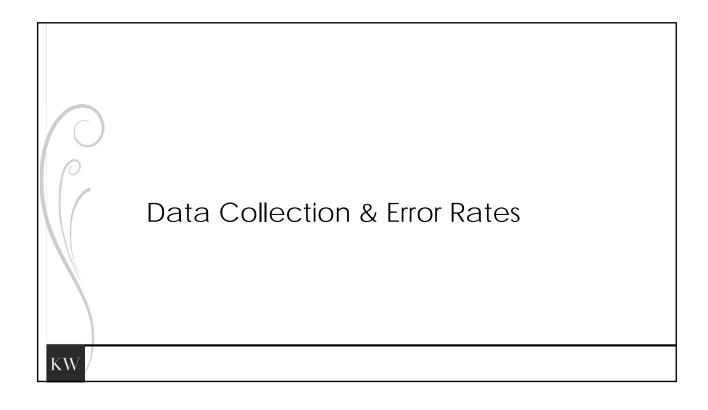


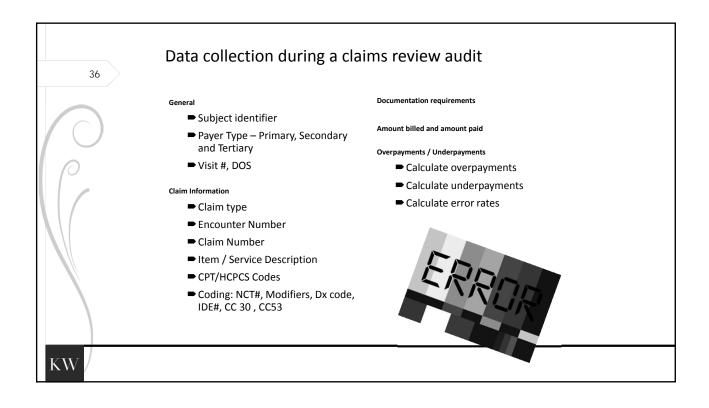
IRB #: 12-00000 PI Name: MD Study Name: XYZ Study Consistency Checklist Date:						
sue	Agreeme Budget D		e: Protocol	Reviewer		
Confidentiality Describe how data or information will be shared between INSTITUTION, or sites and the resear	n/A ch sponsor.	YES	YES	XXX		
Benefits of Taking Part in the Study Describe benefits of participating for the subject and/or others in the context of therapeutic	ntent.			XXX		
Research vs. Conventional Care The procedures that will be performed during the course of the trial that are considered to b subjects conventional care and that would be performed anyway notwithstanding the rese differentiated from the procedures that will be performed during the course of the study tha research purposes only.	arch study are	YES	N/A	xxx		
Additional Costs Subjects will be required to bear additional costs beyond those associated with their conver result of participating in the study.	N/A tional care as a	N/A	N/A	XXX		
Subject Compensation Subjects will be compensated for agreeing to participate in the trial.	N/A	N/A	N/A	XXX		
Research Related injury Identify the individual or entity responsible for the costs of any research-related injuries to sub	ects. N/A	N/A	N/A	XXX		
Future Use Of Data Are subjects asked or expected to donate data, materials, samples etc. to databases or itss and if the sponsor receive any future rights to the data or materials collected in the course o		YES	YES	XXX		
Study is registered at clinicaltrials.gov and statement is in the ICF (Input Registration Number)				XXX		
Medicare Advantage statement included in the ICF				XXX		

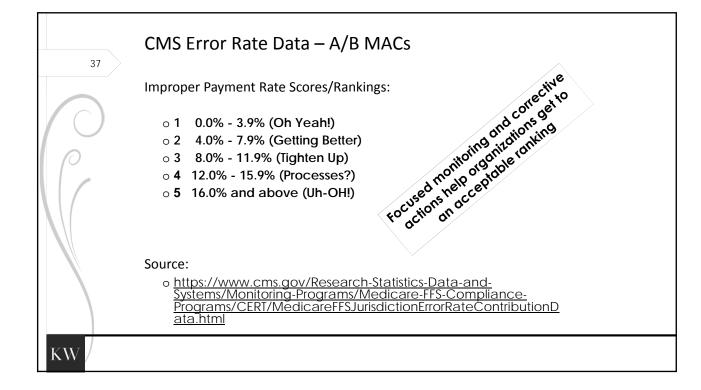


Billing grid/sponsor Exercise What's missing/inco	S = Sponsor Paid M = Medicare/ 3 rd Party Payer						
Blue = billing grid; orange = sponsor budget							
Procedure/Event	CPT/HCPCS Codes	Billing Designation					
CT Scan Abd/Pelvis w/ Contrast incl RECIST	74177, Q9967	S					
CMP	80053	S					
Chemo Admin	96413	M					
Chemo Study Drug	J9999	S					
Procedure/Event	CPT/HCPCS Codes	Amount Paid					
CT Scan Abd/Pelvis w/ Contrast	74177	\$3000.00					
Port Draw	36591	\$50.00					
CMP	80053	\$30.00					
Chemo Admin	96413	Routine					

34	Exercise What's missing/inc Blue = billing grid; o		S = Sponsor Paid M = Medicare/ 3 rd Party Payer	
	Procedure/Event	CPT/HCPCS Codes	Billing Designation	
	CT Scan Abd/Pelvis w/ Contrast incl RECIST	74177	S	
	CMP	80053	S	What if
	Chemo Admin	96413	M	Medicare
\ /	Chemo Study Drug	19999	S	Advantage
\ \	Charge Description	CPT/HCPCS Code	Charge Amount	was the
	CT Scan Abd/Pelvis w/ Contrast	74177	\$5000.00	payer?
	CT Contrast	Q9967	\$150.00	
	Port Draw	36591	\$200.00	
1	CMP	80053	\$100.00	
	Chemo Admin	96413	\$500.00	

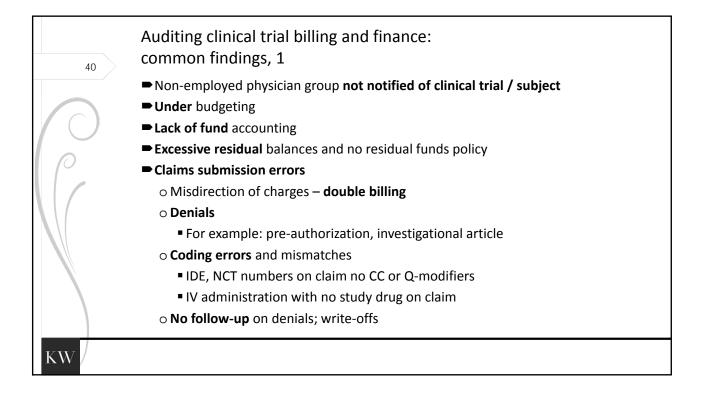


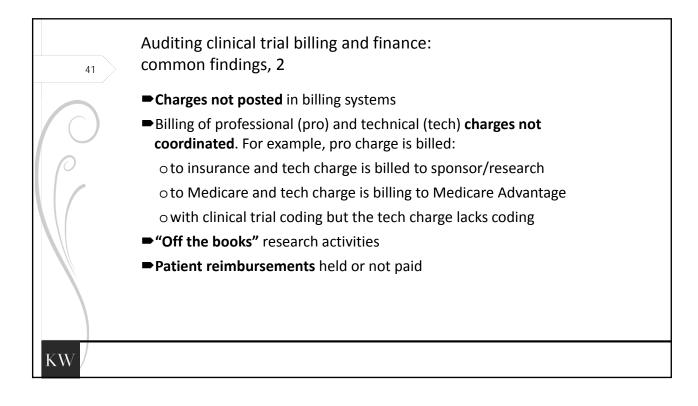


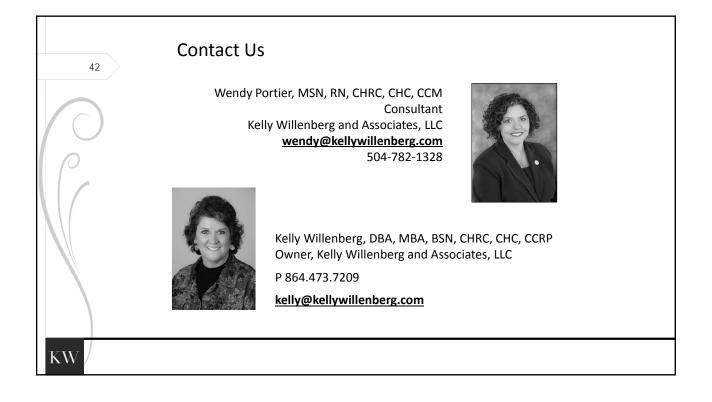


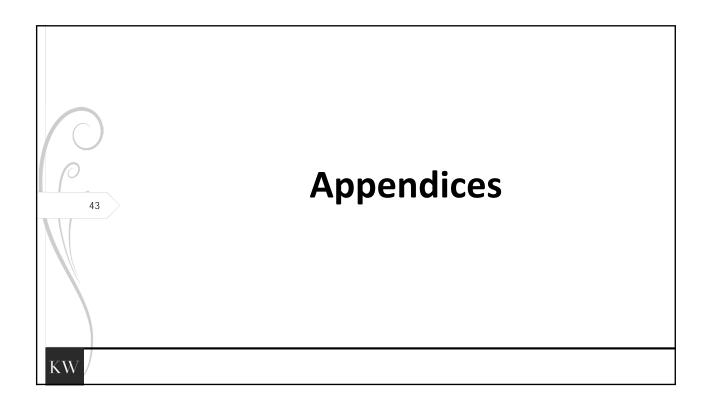
Error Rate Calculations - Examples 38 **Payment Error Rate** Total dollars paid in error / total dollars paid ■ EX: \$195,000 / \$500,000 = **39% payment error rate Claim Error Rate** ■ Total # of claims billed to the incorrect payer / Total # of claims reviewed ■ EX: 90 / 500 = **18% claim error rate Line Item Error Rate** ■ Total # of line items billed to incorrect payer / Total # of line items reviewed ■ EX: 975 / 5000 = 20% line item error rate **Coding Error Rate** ■ Total # of claims billed to correct payer, incorrect coding / Total # of claims reviewed. Coding errors count as 1 error per claim. ■ EX: 200 / 500 = 40% coding error rate KW











Claim Type	Coding Requirements	Location on Claim
Technical UB-04 (CMS1450)	Z00.6 – Secondary Diagnosis Modifier Q0 & Q1 as needed (Outpatient Only) Q0 – Investigational Clinical	- Field 66 - Field 44
	Service (Drug) - Q1 - Routine Costs - Condition Code 30 "Qualifying Clinical Trial" - Rev Code 256 - Drug Trial - NCT # (www.clinicaltrials.gov)	 Field 18 - 28 Field 42 Field 39; D4 & Value Code = 8 digit NCT#
Professional CMS1500	Z00.6 – Secondary Diagnosis Modifier Q0 & Q1 as needed Q0 – Investigational Clinical Service	- Field 21 - Field 24.D – Modifier
	- Q1 - Routine Costs - NCT # (www.clinicaltrials.gov)	 Field 19 (Use CT pre-fix on paper claim only)

Claim Type	Coding Requirements	Location on Claim
Technical UB-04 (CMS1450)	Z00.6 - Secondary Diagnosis Modifier Q0 & Q1 (Outpatient Only) Q0 - Investigational Clinical Service (Procedure) Q1 - Routine Costs Condition Code 30 "Qualifying Clinical Trial" Condition Code 53 - Free Devices (Outpatient only) NCT # (www.clinicaltrials.gov) Value Code FD (Free Device as part of a trial, Outpatient Only) Rev Code 0624 - Device Trial Device charge - list as non-covered (token) charge if device is provided at no cost Rev Code 278 - Medical/Surgical Supplies: Other Implants IDE Number Category B IDE device HCPCS code, as applicable Generally, Category A not reported on institutional claim. Follow Medicare's specific instructions for the trial	- Field 66 - Field 44 - Field 18 - 28 - Field 18 - 28 - Field 39; D4 & Value Code = 8 dig NCT# - Field 39; Credit amount for devic Field 42 - Field 47 & 48 - Field 42 - Field 43 - Field 43
Professional CMS1500	Z00.6 - Secondary Diagnosis Modifier Q0 & Q1 as needed Q0 - Investigational Clinical Service (Procedure) Q1 - Routine Costs NCT # (www.clinicaltrials.gov)	Field 21 Field 24.D - Modifier Field 19; Use CT pre-fix on paper claim only Field 23

Mandatory Reporting of NCT# Identifier on Medicare Claims* Medicare coverage of clinical trials, prospective studies, and registries						
Medicare coverage of c	CTP	IDE	CED			
CMS approval required	No – must qualify under NCD 310.1	Yes –each specific study approved by FDA before 1/1/2015, requires MAC approval; for each specific study approved by FDA after 1/1/2015, requires CMS approval	Yes – requires CMS approval for each specific study			
Public notification	No – provider determines qualification	Each specific study approved by FDA after 1/1/2015 appears on CMS IDE Website	Each specific study approved by CMS appears on CMS IDE Website			
Routine services (Q1)	Covered if otherwise coverable by Medicare in qualified study	Covered if study is approved by CMS and otherwise coverable by Medicare	Covered if study is approved by CMS and otherwise coverable by Medicare			
Investigational item/ service (Q0)	Covered if otherwise coverable by Medicare in qualified study	Covered if study is Category B, and approved by CMS	Covered if study is approved by CMS			